CITY WIDE HOME INSPECTORS

HOME INSPECTION REPORT



138 Estate Garden Dr, Richmond Hill, Ontario

Report Number: 15074148

Inspection Date: 7/2/2015

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July 3, 2015

At your request, an inspection of the above property was performed on 7/2/2015. **City Wide Home Inspectors** is pleased to submit the enclosed report. This report is a professional opinion based on a visual inspection of the accessible components of the home. This report is not an exhaustive technical evaluation. An evaluation of this nature would cost many times more.

Please understand that there are limitations to this inspection. Many components of the home are not visible during the inspection and very little historical information is provided in advance of the inspection. While we can reduce your risk of purchasing a home, we cannot eliminate it, nor can we assume it. Even the most comprehensive inspection cannot be expected to reveal every condition you may consider significant to ownership. In addition to those improvements recommended in our report, we recommend that you budget for unexpected repairs. On average, we have found that setting aside roughly one percent of the value of the home on an annual basis is sufficient to cover unexpected repairs.

The Standards of Practice prohibits us from making any repairs or referring any contractors. We are not associated with any other party to the transaction of this property, except as may be disclosed to you.

The information provided in this report is solely for your use. **City Wide Home Inspectors** will not release a copy of this report without your written consent.

Thank you for selecting our company. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. Should you have any questions about the general condition of the house in the future, we would be happy to answer these. There is no fee for this telephone or email consulting. Our fees are based on a single visit to the property. If additional visits are required for any reason, additional fees may be assessed.

Sincerely,

Michael Fournier, Owner City Wide Home Inspectors

Certified Master Inspector, CMI

Certified Mould Inspector, IAC2

Certified Commercial Property Inspector, CCPI

Certified Infrared Camera Property Inspector, CICPI

BUILDING DATA

BUILDING DATA

Approximate Age: 10 to 15 yrs

Building Type: Single Family Detached

Building Style: Two Story General Appearance: Satisfactory

Main Entrance Faces: For the sake of this report East

Weather Condition: Cloudy
Temperature: 20 to 30 C
Ground cover: Dry
Occupancy: Occupied

REPORT LIMITATIONS

This report is intended only as a general guide to help the client make his own evaluation of the overall condition of the home, and is not intended to reflect the value of the premises, nor make any representation as to the advisability of purchase. The report expresses the personal opinions of the inspector, based upon his visual impressions of the conditions that existed at the time of the inspection only. The inspection and report are not intended to be technically exhaustive, or to imply that every component was inspected, or that every possible defect was discovered. No disassembly of equipment, opening of walls, moving of furniture, appliances or stored items, or excavation was performed. This inspection is a limited visual examination of the readily accessible systems and components of the home only.

This inspection is conducted in compliance with the standards of practice of the International Association of Certified Home Inspectors (Inter-NACHI), a copy of which is available at www.citywidehomeinspectors.com/sop.

Systems and conditions which are not within the scope of the building inspection include, but are not limited to: pools spas or their related equipment, formaldehyde, lead paint, asbestos, toxic or flammable materials, and other environmental hazards; pest infestation, playground equipment, efficiency measurement of insulation or heating and cooling equipment, internal or underground drainage or plumbing, any systems which are shut down or otherwise secured; water wells (water quality and quantity) zoning ordinances; intercom; security systems; heat sensors; central vacuum systems, cosmetics or building code conformity. Any general comments about these systems and conditions are informational only and are not within the scope of this inspection.

The inspection report should not be construed as a compliance inspection of any governmental or non-governmental codes or regulations. The report is not intended to be a warranty or guarantee of the present or future adequacy or performance of the structure, its systems, or their component parts. This report does not constitute any express or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for use regarding the condition of the property and it should not be relied upon as such. Any opinions expressed regarding adequacy, capacity, or expected life of components are general estimates based on information about similar components and occasional wide variations are to be expected between such estimates and actual experience. We recommend that any deficiencies noted in this report be repaired or corrected after consultation with reputable qualified contractors. It is suggested that more than one quote be obtained before commencing with repairs.

The sellers property information sheet (SPIS) may be referred to in this document. This item is a statement that is often completed by the seller regarding the condition of the subject property. The buyer is urged to obtain and review this document, if available, as it contains crucial information. Photographs, taken at the time of this inspection, are to be considered part of this inspection report.

We certify that our inspectors have no interest, present or contemplated, in this property or its improvement and no involvement with tradespeople or benefits derived from any sales or improvements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, all statements and information in this report are true and correct.

Should any disagreement or dispute arise as a result of this inspection or report, it shall be decided by arbitration and shall be submitted for binding, non-appealable arbitration unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. In the event of a claim, the Client will allow City Wide Home Inspectors to inspect the claim prior to any repairs or waive the right to make the claim. Client agrees not to disturb or repair or have repaired anything which may constitute evidence relating to the complaint, except in the case of an emergency.

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ITEMS NOT OPERATING

Rear GFCI not operating as designed

MAJOR CONCERNS

Roof covering at or nearing the end of its useful life

POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARDS

Exterior GFCI outlet defective, won't trip

DEFERRED COST ITEMS

Items that have reached or are reaching their normal life expectancy or show indications that they may require repair or replacement anytime during the next five (5) years.

Roof covering older than 15 yrs Smoke detector over 5 years old

DEFINITIONS

SATISFACTORY (Sat.) - Indicates the component is functionally consistent with its original purpose but may show signs of normal wear and tear and deterioration.

MARGINAL(Marg.) - Indicates the component will probably require repair or replacement anytime within five years.

POOR - Indicates the component will need repair or replacement now or in the very near future.

MAJOR CONCERNS - A system or component that is considered significantly deficient or is unsafe.

SAFETY HAZARD - Denotes a condition that is unsafe and in need of prompt attention.

^{*} Items listed in this report may inadvertently have been left off the Summary Sheet. Customer should read the entire report, including the Remarks.

GROUNDS

Service Walks		✓ None		☐ Public sidewa	alk needs repair
	☐ Concrete	☐ Flagstone		☐ Brick	☐ Other
Condition:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Trip Hazard
	☐ Pitched towards hor	me	cks	☐ Not visible	_
D.:					
Driveway		□ None			
~	☐ Concrete	☑ Asphalt		☐ Gravel	□ Other
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		Poor	☐ Trip hazard
	☐ Fill cracks and seal	☐ Pitched tow	ards home	☐ Settling crack	\square Not visible
Patio/Lanai		□ None			
,	☑ Concrete □	Flagstone	☐ Brick	☐ Kool-De	ck® □ Other
Condition:	✓ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ brick	□ Poor	☐ Trip Hazard
Condition.	☐ Pitched towards hor		nage)	☐ Settling crack	
	I fiched towards not	ine (see Kemarks)	page)	□ Setting crack	LS LIVOT VISIBLE
Deck		✓ None	□ Wood	\square Other	
	☐ Treated	☐ Painted/Sta	ined	☐ Railing/balus	sters recommended
Condition:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Not visible
Deck/Patio/Porc	h Covers	☑ None	□ Farth to	o wood contact	☐ Moisture/insect damage
Deck/Patio/Porch Covers Lacks: ☐ Metal straps/bolts/r				er attachment to l	_
Lacks.	in Metal Straps/001ts/11	alis	ш ширгор	er attachment to i	nouse
Porch(covered e	ntrance)	✓ None		☐ Railing/balus	sters recommended
Support Pier:	□ Wood	☐ Concrete		☐ Other	☐ Not visible
Condition:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	
Floor:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Safety Hazard
Balcony(2nd flo	or platform)	☑ None	□ Wood	☐ Metal	□ Other
Railing:	□ Yes	□ No		☐ Railing/balu	sters recommended
Condition:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Safety Hazard
Stoops/Steps		□ None		☐ Uneven risers	S Safety Hazard
Stooparsteps	☑ Concrete	□ Wood		☐ Other	☐ Railing recommended
Condition:	✓ Satisfactory	☐ Wood ☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Recommend baluster
Condition.	☐ Cracked	□ Settled		☐ Damaged wo	
	□ Cracked	□ Settled		□ Damageu wo	od
Fencing		□ None		☐ Type:	☑ Not evaluated
		•			
Landscaping Aff	ecting Foundation	(See Remarks pa	ige)		
Negative grade at	: □ East □ West	□ North □	South	☑ Satisfactory	
0 0	☐ Recommend addition	onal backfill		•	window wells/covers
☐ Trim back trees/shr		ubberies			tact/too close to soil
	☐ Yard drains observe	ed - not tested		□ N/A	
Databala a Mali					
Retaining Wall:		☐ Yes		☑ No	
	☐ Concrete	□ Wood		Other	☐ Safety Hazard
Visual Condition:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	
Hose Bibs		☑ Yes		□No	☑ No anti-siphon valve
Operates:	☑ Yes	□ No		☐ Not tested	□ Not on
General Commo	ents				
		<u>[</u>			

Fencing is not part of a home inspection. General site drainage was properly sloping away from the house. Maintain a positive drainage slope away from the foundation. Recommend railing along the south side of the front porch.

ROOF COVERING

General Inform	ation					
Roof Visibility		All				
Inspected From	1	Ground with bin	oculars			
Style of Roof		-				
• I	bination: ☐ Gable bination: ☐ Low	☑ Hip □ Medium	☐ Mansard		Flat □ Oth	ier
	omation: \square Low	□ Medium	™ Steep	☐ Flat		
Roof Covering						
Type: Asphalt	Estimated La	yers: 1 layer	Approx	imate age of cover	r: 10 to 15 yrs	
N 41 41 0						
Ventilation Sys	tem ☑ Soffit	□ Did.			□ D.	- C
Combination:	☑ Soffit ☐ Powered	□ Ridge □ Eaves		☐ Gable ☐ Other	☑ Roo	ΟĬ
		□ Eaves		□ Other		
Flashing Materi						
Combination:	☑ Galv./Aluminum	☐ Asphalt	☐ Lea	d □ Rul	ober \square Not	visible
	□ Copper	☐ Other				
Valley Material						
Combination:	☑ Galv./Aluminum	☐ Asphalt		☐ Copper	\square N/A	A
	☐ Not visible	☐ Other				
Apparent Cond	lition of the Following a	t Time of Inspect	ion (conditi	ons reported refl	ect <u>visible</u> portic	on only)
Roof Covering	-	☐ Satisfactor	y	☑ Marginal	☑ Poo	or
Condition:	☑ Curling	☑ Cupping		☐ Missing tabs/s		
	☐ Moss Buildup	☐ Nail Poppi	ing	☐ Ponding	☐ Bur	n Spots
	☐ Exposed Felt	☐ Other				
Ventilation		(See Remark	ks page)	(See Attic page)		
Flashings		☐ Not visible			U	□ Poor
	☐ Rusted	□ Recomme	nd Sealing	☐ Pulled away f	rom chimney/roo	of
Valleys		☑ Satisfactor	·y	☐ Marginal	□ Poo	or
	☐ Not visible	□ N/A		☐ Rusted		
	☐ Holes	☐ Recomme	nd Sealing			
Skylights		☐ Yes	☑ No	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor
Plumbing Vent	S	☑ Yes	□ No	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor
General Comm	ents					

Roof appeared to be nearing end of its useful life, budget to replace soon.

CHIMNEY / GUTTERS / SIDING / TRIM

Chimney(s)		□ None Location(s):	
Viewed from:	□ Roof	☐ Ladder at eaves ☐ Ground w/binoculars	
Chase:	☐ Brick ☐ Ston		☐ Stucco
Chase.		Cracked chimney cap \text{Loose mortar joints}	☐ Loose brick
		Ides in metal ☐ Rust ☐ Flaking	LOOSE UTIEK
Flue:		Metal □ Unlined □ Not visible	
rac.		caling \square Cracks \square Creosote	
		\mathcal{E}	(See Remarks page)
☐ Recommend	cricket/saddle flashing	Spark arrestor/rain cap recommend	
Gutters & Dow	nspouts	☐ None (See Remarks page)	
☐ Insides need		☐ Ponding	
	☑ Galvanized/Alum	□ Copper □ Vinyl	☐ Other
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor	☐ Rusting
	☐ Hole in main run	Leaking: Corners	☐ Joints
Extension needed		□ South □ East	□ West
Siding			
Material:	Brick	•	
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Recommend a	repair/painting
Window Frame	S		
Material:	Vinyl	•	
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor	
	☐ Recommend pain	ng □ Damaged wood	
Storms & Scree	ens	☑ N/A	
	□Wood	Clad comb. ☐ Wood/metal comb. ☐ Insulated glass	s □Other
Putty:	□ Satisfactory	\square Needed \square N/A	
Screens:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Torn ☐ Missing	
Storms:	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Broken/cracked ☐ Damaged wood	☐ Not installed
Trim, Soffit, Fa	scia		
Trim Material:	Metal	Condition: Satisfactory	
Soffit Material:	Metal	Condition: Satisfactory	
Fascia Material:	Metal	Condition: Satisfactory	
		ř	
Caulking			
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor	
	☐ Recommend arou	d windows/doors/masonry ledges/corners/utility penetra	tions

Gutters were in overall adequate condition. Siding appeared to be in overall adequate condition. Trim appeared to be intact and in overall maintained condition.

EXTERIOR / ELECTRICAL / AC / GARAGE

Exterior Wall Co	netruction	
Construction Style		
	e. wood mame	
Exterior Doors		☑ Entrance (1); Storm (2); Patio (3)
Weather stripping		☐ Marginal ☐ Poor
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor
Exterior Electric	cal Service	
	☐ Overhead	☑ Underground Service drop: ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Needs service
Exterior outlets:	☑ Yes	□ No Operate: □ Yes □ No
GFCI protected:	☑ Yes	□ No Operate: ☑ Yes ☑ No
Reverse polarity:		☑ No Open ground: ☐ Yes ☑ No
Overhead wires:	□ Low □	Less than 1 meter from balcony/deck/window
Potential safety		☐ Yes ☐ No (See Remarks page)
A/C Condenser/F	Icat Dumm	□ None Approximate age: 10 to 15 yrs
	•	
#1 Brand: Rhee		Shutoff: Yes
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Rusted/dirty Level: ☑ Yes ☐ No
Garage		
Garage Type:	Attached	Garage Size: Double Car
Automatic oper		Operational: Yes
Safety reverse:	Present: ✓ Yes	□ No Operates: □ Yes □ No ☑ Needs adjusting □ Safety Hazard
Electric sensor:	Present: ☑ Yes	□ No Operates: ☑ Yes □ No □ Too low □ Safety Hazard
Floor:	Concrete	☐ Gravel ☐ Asphalt ☐ Dirt
	Burners less than	45 cm above garage floor: ☑ N/A ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Safety hazard
	Condition:	☑ Satisfactory ☐ Typical cracks ☐ Large settling cracks
Overhead door:	\square Wood	☐ Fiberglass ☐ Masonite ☐ Metal ☐ Other
	Condition:	☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Repair, replace, paint
Service door:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ None
Sill plates:	☐ Elevated	\square Floor level \square Both \square Not visible \square Rotted
Electricity pres	ent: ☑ Yes	\square No GFCI Protected: \square Yes \square No Operates: \square Yes \square No
		open ground: ☐ Yes ☐ Safety Hazard ☑ No ☐ Handyman/ext. cord wiring
Firewall:	(Between garage	
Fire door:		☐ Not a fire door ☐ Needs repair ☐ Satisfactory
Auto closure:	□ N/A	\square Satisfactory \square Inoperative \square Missing \square Needs repair
Conoral Comm		

General Comments

Doors were reviewed and found to be in working order. Lights appeared to be in normal condition: not all lights were tested. Rear GFCI was not operating properly - Repair and/or replace as necessary.

KITCHEN

Countertops		☑ Satisfac	ctory \(\sigma \) \(\lambda \)	ory			
Cabinets Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Margin	al 🗆 I	Poor Rece	ommend repairs		
Plumbing Com							
Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	 ☑ No	Pipes leak/corroded:	□ Yes	☑ No		
Drainage:	✓ Adequate		Water pressure:	✓ Adequate	□ Poor		
Walls & Ceiling			I	1			
Condition	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Typical cracks	☐ Moisture stains		
Heat Source Pre	esent	☑ Yes	□ No				
Floor			_	_	_		
Condition	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Sloping	☐ Squeaks		
Appliances		(See Rem	arks page)				
Dishwasher:	☑ Yes	□No	Operates:	☑ Yes	\square No \square N/A		
Range:	☑ Yes	□ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	\square No \square N/A		
Oven:	✓ Yes	□ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	\square No \square N/A		
Exhaust fan:	☑ Yes	□ No	Operates:		\square No \square N/A		
Refrigerator:	☑ Yes	□ No	Operates:	☑ Yes	\square No \square N/A		
Other:	☐ Yes	□ No	Operates:	☐ Yes	□ No □ N/A		
Electrical							
Outlets present:	☑ Yes	□No	Operates:	☑ Yes	□ No		
GFCI protected:		☑ No	Operates:	☐ Yes	☐ No (Remarks)		
		in 1 meter of water:		y Hazard ☑ No	,		
General Comme	ents:		-				
Counter top has normal wear. Cabinets have normal wear. Water flow was normal with several fixtures operated at the same time. There were no visible active piping leaks at the time of the inspection. Drain lines had no visible leaks or signs of backup at the time of inspection. Outlets were randomly tested and had correct polarity, except as noted.							
Room Compon	ents						
Laundry sink:	☑ N/A	Faucet leaks:	□ Yes □ No	Pipe leaks:	\square Yes \square No		
Cross connection	ıs: □ Yes	☑ None apparent	Heat source prese	ent:	□ No		
Room appears ve	ented: 🗹 Yes	□ No	☐ Not visible				
Dryer vented:	□ N/A	☑ Wall	☐ Ceiling	□ Not vented			
Electrical: Open	ground/reverse pola	arity within 1 meter of		☐ Safety Hazard	☑ No		
Appliances prese			☐ Water heater	☐ Furnace	☐ Other		
Gas pipe:	☑ N/A	Valve shutoff:	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Cap Needed	☐ Safety Hazard		
General Commo	ents						

At the time of the inspection the laundry facilities were in satisfactory condition.

BATHROOMS

Bath: Master Be	edroom					
Sinks	Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No		Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No
Tubs	Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No		Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No
Showers	Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No		Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No
Toilet:	Bowl loose	☐ Yes	☑ No	<i>Operates</i> : ✓ Yes	☐ No ☐ Cracked I	oowl Toilet leaks
Whirlpool:		☐ Yes	☑ No	<i>Operates</i> : □ Yes	□ No	
Shower/Tub area	a:	Ceram	ic/Plastic	☐ Fiberglass	☐ Masonite	☐ Other
	Condition:	☑ Satisfa	ctory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Rotted floors
	Caulk/Grouting 1	needed:	☐ Yes	☑ No	Where:	
Drainage:	☑ Satisfactory		☐ Margii	nal	□ Poor	
Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory		☐ Margii	nal	□ Poor	
Moisture stains		□ Walls	☐ Ceiling	gs ☑ No		
Outlets present:				cted: ☑ Yes □ No		Yes □ No
	Open ground/rev	erse polari	ty within 1		☐ Yes ☑ No	
	Potential safety		resent:	☐ Yes ☑ No (Se	e Remarks page)	
Heat source pres	sent:	Yes		□ No		
Exhaust fan:			Operates:	☑ Yes	□ No □ Nois	-
Windows:				glass □ None □ Ev		
Door:	☑ Sat. ☐ Marg.	□ Poor [☐ Holes ☐	Does not latch 🗆 I	Hardware broken	☐ None
General Comm	ents					
noted.			•		ř	ondition except as
	loor					
Bath: Second fl		□ Yes				
Bath: Second fl	Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No		Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No ☑ No		Pipes leak: Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks:	□ Yes □ Yes	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No		Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks:	☐ Yes	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No	Operates: ☑ Yes	Pipes leak: Pipes leak:	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose	☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes☐ Yes	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: □ No □ Cracked l □ No	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes	☑ No ic/Plastic	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes □ Fiberglass	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: □ No □ Cracked l	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition:	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Ceram ☑ Satisfa	☑ No ic/Plastic	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: □ No □ Cracked l □ No □ Masonite	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Ceram ☑ Satisfa	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ c/Plastic	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: □ No □ Cracked l □ No □ Masonite □ Poor	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting 1	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Ceram ☑ Satisfa	☑ No ic/Plastic	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Dipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where:	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting i ✓ Satisfactory	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfa	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ic/Plastic ictory ☐ Yes ☐ Margii	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: □ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting notestically Yes Yes	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ic/Plastic ictory □ Yes □ Margii □ Margii	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting no Satisfactory Satisfactory present: Yes Yes Open ground/rev	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Ceram ☐ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No ☐ verse polari	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ic/Plastic ictory □ Yes □ Margii □ Margii □ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water:	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked loop No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Operates: Yes	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains p Outlets present:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting i Satisfactory Satisfactory present: Ses Open ground/rev Potential safety	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No Ø verse polari hazards p	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ic/Plastic ictory □ Yes □ Margii □ Margii □ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water: □ Yes ☑ No (Se	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked loop No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Operates: Yes	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains p Outlets present:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting i Satisfactory Satisfactory present: Yes Open ground/rev Potential safety sent:	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No ☐ verse polari ☐ hazards p	☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ☑ No ic/Plastic ictory ☐ Yes ☐ Margii ☐ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1 iresent:	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water: □ Yes ☑ No (Se	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Verates: No Re Remarks page	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No cowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains of Outlets present:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting I Satisfactory Satisfactory Present: Yes Open ground/rev Potential safety Sent: Yes	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No ☐ verse polari ☐ hazards p	✓ No ic/Plastic ictory ─ Yes ─ Margin ─ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1 iresent: Operates:	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water: □ Yes ☑ No (Se □ No ☑ Yes	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Yes No Re Remarks page)	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No Dowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors Yes ☐ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains p Outlets present: Heat source presents Exhaust fan: Windows:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting I Satisfactory Satisfactory present: Ses Copen ground/rev Potential safety sent: Ses Copen Se	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No ☐ verse polari ☐ hazards p ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Poor ☐	✓ No ic/Plastic ictory ─ Yes ─ Margin ─ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1 iresent: Operates: ☐ Cracked	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water: □ Yes ☑ No (Se □ No ☑ Yes glass ☑ None □ Ev	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Yes No Re Remarks page) No Noisidence of leaking in	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No Dowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors Yes ☐ No
Bath: Second fl Sinks Tubs Showers Toilet: Whirlpool: Shower/Tub area Drainage: Water flow: Moisture stains of Outlets present:	Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Faucet leaks: Bowl loose a: Condition: Caulk/Grouting I Satisfactory Satisfactory present: Ses Copen ground/rev Potential safety sent: Ses Copen Se	☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☐ Yes ☑ Ceram ☑ Satisfaneeded: ☐ Walls ☐ No ☐ verse polari ☐ hazards p ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Poor ☐	✓ No ic/Plastic ictory ─ Yes ─ Margin ─ Ceiling GFCI protecty within 1 iresent: Operates: ☐ Cracked	Operates: ☑ Yes Operates: ☑ Yes □ Fiberglass □ Marginal ☑ No nal nal gs ☑ No cted: ☑ Yes □ No meter of water: □ Yes ☑ No (Se □ No ☑ Yes	Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: Pipes leak: No Cracked I No Masonite Poor Where: Poor Poor Yes No Re Remarks page) No Noisidence of leaking in	☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ Yes ☑ No Dowl ☐ Toilet leaks ☐ Other ☐ Rotted floors Yes ☐ No

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted.

Bath: Main floor											
Sinks	Faucet 1	eaks:	□ Y	es	☑ No			Pipes leal	k:	☐ Yes	☑ No
Toilet:	Bowl lo	ose	□ Y	es	☑ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	\square No \square	Cracked b	owl 🗆 Toi	let leaks
Drainage:	☑ Satis	factory			☐ Margina	al		□ Poor			
Water flow:	☑ Satis	factory			☐ Margina	al		□ Poor			
Moisture stains p	resent:	☐ Yes	\square W	alls	☐ Ceiling	s 🗹 No					
Outlets present:	☑ Yes	□ No	GFC	I prote	ected:	☑ Yes	□ No	Operates :	:	✓ Yes	□ No
	Open gr	ound/rev	erse p	olarity	y within 6'	of water:	☐ Yes	☑ No			
Potential safety haza			hazar	ds pr	esent:	☐ Yes	☑ No	(See Ren	arks pag	ge)	
Heat source prese	ent:		☑ Ye	es		□ No					
Exhaust fan:	☑ Yes		No	0	perates:	☑ Yes		□ No	☐ Noisy	y	
Windows:	☐ Sat.	☐ Marg.	□ Po	or \square	l Cracked g	lass 🗹 Nor	ne 🗆 Evid	dence of le	aking insu	ılated glas	S
Door:	☑ Sat.	□ Marg.	□ Po	oor 🗆	l Holes □	Does not la	tch 🗆 F	Hardware b	roken 🗆	None	
General Comme	ents										

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted.

INTERIOR ROOMS

MASTER BEDROOM Location: Second floor Walls & Ceiling: ✓ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal □ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes Moisture stains: ☐ Yes ☑ No Flooring: **☑** Satisfactory ☐ Marginal □ Poor ☐ Squeaks ☐ Slopes Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal □ Poor Electrical: Switches: ✓ Yes ✓ No Outlets: ☑ Yes □ No Operates: ☑ Yes □ No Open ground/reverse polarity: □Yes \square Safety Hazard ☑ No ☐ Covers missing ✓ Yes ☐ Not visible Heat source present: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ None ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass Windows: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Does not latch ☐ Hardware broken ☐ None Door: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Missing ☐ Tracks broken ☐ None Closet Doors: **General Comments:** At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

BEDROOM #2							
Location: Second floor							
Walls & Ceiling: ✓ Satisfactor	·y	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Typical	Cracks	☐ Holes
Moisture stair	ns:	☐ Yes		☑ No			
Flooring:	у	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Squeaks	}	☐ Slopes
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A		☐ Satisfactory		☐ Marginal		☐ Poor	
Electrical: Switches:	☑ Yes □ No	o Outlets:	✓ Yes	□ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	□ No
Open ground/	reverse polar	rity: 🗆 Yes	☐ Safet	y Hazard	☑ No	□ Cove	ers missing
Heat source present: ☑ Ye	es 🗆 Not vi	risible					
Windows: ✓ Sat. ☐ Ma	arg. 🗆 Poor [☐ Cracked glass I	□ None	□ Evidence of	leaking insu	ılated gla	SS
Door: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Does not latch ☐ Hardware broken ☐ None							
Closet Doors: ☑ Sat. ☐ Ma	arg. 🗆 Poor l	☐ Holes ☐ Miss	ing 🗆 T	racks broken l	□ None		
General Comments:							

At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

BEDROOM #3

Location: Secon	nd floor								
Walls & Ceiling:		ory	_ □ M	arginal		□ Poor	☐ Typical Cracks		☐ Holes
· ·	Moisture st	ains:	□ Y€	es		☑ No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory □			arginal		☐ Poor	☐ Squeaks	}	☐ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	☑ N/A	•	□ Sa	tisfactory		☐ Marginal	rginal Poor		•
Electrical:	Switches:	Yes	□ No	Outlets:	☑ Yes	□ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	□ No
	Open groun	nd/reverse	e polarity:	☐ Yes	☐ Safet	y Hazard	☑ No	□ Cove	ers missing
Heat source pres	ent: 🗹 🖰	Yes □	Not visible			-			_
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ 1	Marg. □	Poor \square Cr	acked glass	☐ None	☐ Evidence of	f leaking ins	ulated gla	ıss
Door: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Does not latch ☐ Hardware broken ☐ None									
Closet Doors: ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Missing ☐ Tracks broken ☐ None									
General Commo	ents:								

BEDROOM #4
Location: Second floor
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes
Moisture stains: \square Yes \square No
Flooring: ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Squeaks ☐ Slopes
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor
Electrical: Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ No Outlets: ☑ Yes ☐ No Operates: ☑ Yes ☐ No
Open ground/reverse polarity: ☐ Yes ☐ Safety Hazard ☐ No ☐ Covers missing
Heat source present: ☑ Yes □ Not visible
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ None ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass
Door: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Does not latch ☐ Hardware broken ☐ None
Closet Doors: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Missing ☐ Tracks broken ☐ None
General Comments:
At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.
LIVING ROOM
Location: First floor
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes
Moisture stains: ☐ Yes ☐ No
Flooring:
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor
Electrical: Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ No Outlets: ☑ Yes ☐ No Operates: ☑ Yes ☐ No
Open ground/reverse polarity: ☐ Yes ☐ Safety Hazard ☐ No ☐ Covers missing
Heat source present: ☑ Yes ☐ Not visible
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass
Door: □ Sat. □ Marg. □ Poor □ Holes □ Does not latch □ Hardware broken ☑ None
General Comments:
At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.
DINING ROOM
Location: First floor
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes
Moisture stains: ☐ Yes ☑ No
Flooring:
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor
Electrical: Switches: \(\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc
Open ground/reverse polarity: \square Yes \square Safety Hazard \square No \square Covers missing
Heat source present: ☑ Yes ☐ Not visible
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass
Door: □ Sat. □ Marg. □ Poor □ Holes □ Does not latch □ Hardware broken ☑ None
General Comments:

EATING ARE	Α
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Location: First fl	loor						
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory		☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Typical	Cracks	☐ Holes
	Moisture stains:	☐ Yes		☑ No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Squeaks	}	\square Slopes
Ceiling fan:	☑ N/A	□ Satisfactory		☐ Marginal		□ Poor	
Electrical:	Switches: ✓ Yes	☐ No Outlets:	✓ Yes	□ No	Operates:	✓ Yes	□ No
	Open ground/reverse p		☐ Safet	y Hazard	☑ No	☐ Cove	rs missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹 Yes 🗆 Not	visible					
Windows:	☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ H						
Door:	☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ I	Poor □ Holes □ Do	es not late	ch 🗆 Hardwa	re broken [☐ None	
General Comme	ents:						
At the time of the	e inspection the room w	ras found to be in over	rall satisfa	actory condition	n.		
FAMILY ROO	М						
FAMILY ROO Location: First f							
	oor	☐ Marginal		□ Poor	☐ Typical	Cracks	☐ Holes
Location: First f	oor	☐ Marginal ☐ Yes		□ Poor ☑ No	☐ Typical	Cracks	□ Holes
Location: First f	loor ☑ Satisfactory	_			☐ Typical		☐ Holes
Location: First fi Walls & Ceiling:	oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains:	□ Yes		☑ No □ Poor □ Marginal	• • •		
Location: First fi Walls & Ceiling: Flooring:	oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains: ☑ Satisfactory	☐ Yes ☐ Marginal ☐ Satisfactory	☑ Yes	☑ No □ Poor □ Marginal	• • •	.	□ Slopes
Location: First fi Walls & Ceiling: Flooring: Ceiling fan:	oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains: ☑ Satisfactory ☑ N/A	☐ Yes ☐ Marginal ☐ Satisfactory ☐ No Outlets:		☑ No □ Poor □ Marginal	□ Squeaks	□ Poor ☑ Yes	□ Slopes
Location: First fi Walls & Ceiling: Flooring: Ceiling fan:	oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains: ☑ Satisfactory ☑ N/A Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ Open ground/reverse p	☐ Yes ☐ Marginal ☐ Satisfactory ☐ No Outlets: bolarity: ☐ Yes		☑ No □ Poor □ Marginal □ No	☐ Squeaks Operates:	□ Poor ☑ Yes	□ Slopes
Location: First five Walls & Ceiling: Flooring: Ceiling fan: Electrical:	Oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains: ☑ Satisfactory ☑ N/A Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ Open ground/reverse pent: ☑ Yes ☐ Not ye ☑ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ H	☐ Yes ☐ Marginal ☐ Satisfactory ☐ No Outlets: colarity: ☐ Yes visible Poor ☐ Cracked glass	□ Safet s □ Evid	☑ No ☐ Poor ☐ Marginal ☐ No y Hazard	☐ Squeaks Operates: ☑ No g insulated g	☐ Poor ☑ Yes ☐ Cove	□ Slopes
Walls & Ceiling: Flooring: Ceiling fan: Electrical: Heat source prese	oor ☑ Satisfactory Moisture stains: ☑ Satisfactory ☑ N/A Switches: ☑ Yes Open ground/reverse pent: ☑ Yes ☐ Not	☐ Yes ☐ Marginal ☐ Satisfactory ☐ No Outlets: colarity: ☐ Yes visible Poor ☐ Cracked glass	□ Safet s □ Evid	☑ No ☐ Poor ☐ Marginal ☐ No y Hazard	☐ Squeaks Operates: ☑ No g insulated g	☐ Poor ☑ Yes ☐ Cove	□ Slopes

BASEMENT ROOM	
Location: Basement	
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes	
Moisture stains: \square Yes \square No	
Flooring:	
Ceiling fan: \square N/A \square Satisfactory \square Marginal \square Poor	
Electrical: Switches: Yes No Outlets: Yes No Operates: Yes No	
Open ground/reverse polarity: □Yes □ Safety Hazard ☑ No □ Covers missing	
Heat source present: ☑ Yes ☐ Not visible	
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass	
Door: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Holes ☐ Does not latch ☐ Hardware broken ☐ None	
General Comments:	
At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.	
BASEMENT ROOM	
Location: Basement	
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes	
Moisture stains: ☐ Yes ☑ No	
Flooring:	
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor	
Electrical: Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ No Outlets: ☑ Yes ☐ No Operates: ☑ Yes ☐ No	
Open ground/reverse polarity: □Yes □ Safety Hazard ☑ No □ Covers missing	
Heat source present: ☑ Yes ☐ Not visible	
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass	
Door: □ Sat. □ Marg. □ Poor □ Holes □ Does not latch □ Hardware broken ☑ None	
General Comments:	
At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.	
STORAGE / WORKSHOP	
Location: Basement	
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor ☐ Typical Cracks ☐ Holes	
Moisture stains: ☐ Yes ☐ No	
Flooring:	
Ceiling fan: ☑ N/A ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Marginal ☐ Poor	
Electrical: Switches: ☑ Yes ☐ No Outlets: ☑ Yes ☐ No Operates: ☑ Yes ☐ No	
Open ground/reverse polarity: □Yes □ Safety Hazard ☑ No □ Covers missing	
Heat source present: ☑ Yes ☐ Not visible	
Windows: ☐ Sat. ☐ Marg. ☐ Poor ☐ Cracked glass ☐ Evidence of leaking insulated glass	
General Comments:	_

WINDOWS / FIREPLACES / ATTIC

Interior Windows/Glass		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>
General condition:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Poor	☐ Painted shut
☐ Hardware missing				Broken counter-balance mech.
☐ Surface deterioration:	(See Remarks	s page) ☑ Repr		er of windows operated
Evidence of leaking insula	ated glass:	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Not determin	able \square N/A
Safety glazing:	☑ N/A	☐ Safety issue	Where:	
Security bars present:	☐ Yes	☑ No ☐ Not tested	☐ Test release i	mechanism before moving in
	<u> </u>			
Fireplace			Family room	
☑ Gas	□ Wood	☐ Wood burner stove (S	See Remarks pag	ge)
☐ Masonry insert	☐ Metal insert	□ Metal	☐ Electric	
☐ Blower built-in	Operates: [□ Yes □ No	□ Damper oper	rates \Box Damper missing
☐ Open joints or cracks in	firebrick should	be sealed	☐ Pre-fabricate	d panels damaged/worn
Hearth: Satisfactory:	☑ Yes	□ No	Mantle: ☑ Sa	atisfactory Loose
☐ Recommend having flu	e cleaned and r	e-examined		☑ Direct Vent
	1			
Stairs		✓ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor □ None
Handrail:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Poor	☐ Safety Hazard
Risers/Treads:	☑ Satisfactory	✓ ☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Risers/treads uneven
Smoke/CO Detectors		(See Remarks page)		
Present: Yes	□ No			
		vels of a home. Working CO dete	ctors are required ao	n all levels of a hom e with sleeping
				ry operated units should be replaced
every 5 yrs and most hardwired u	nits replaced every 1	0 yrs (see manufactures recomm	endations).	
Attic				
Access: Access panel	ccess Location:	Bedroom closet Inspe	ected from: Acces	ss panel
Flooring: \square Con		☐ Partial	☑ None	1
Insulation: Type: Fiberg	•	Average thickness: 6 to 9		Rating: R32 Standard
Installe		<u> </u>	□ Walls	□ Not Visible
Vent fans: ☐ Pres			ontrolled	etv Hazard
Ventilation: Satisfa				ory Truburu
	en trusses			
Roof sheathing: Plywood				
Roof Sheathing Condition:		□ Marginal □ Poor □ I	Rotted Stain	ed Delaminated
Fans exhausted to: Attic:				□ N/A (See Remarks page)
	□ 168 № NO	Outside. Li les Li No	□ NOt VISIBLE	□ N/A (See Kelliarks page)
Chimney chase:	adı 🗆 Vaa	□ No □ Coo cor	a halaw	
Structural problems observ		☑ No ☐ See comment	s below	
±	visible	☐ Improperly installed	1	
	ft faced		emarks page)	
Electrical:	n junction box(e	s) \square Handyman w	ırıng	☐ Visible knob-and-tube

Trusses showed no major defects or damage at the time of inspection. Roof sheathing, examined from the attic, showed no major defects or moisture damage. Insulation was sufficient for homes in this area. Ventilation was normal. Vapour barrier not visible.

BASEMENT

(See Remarks page)

Stairs					
Condition:	☑ Satisfact		☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Safety Hazard
Handrail: ✓ Yes		Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor
Headway over stairs:	☑ Satisfact		☐ Marginal	□ Poor	
Under carriage:	☑ Satisfact	tory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Not visible
Foundation					
Wall Material:	Poured Cor	ncrete			
Condition:	Satisfactor				
Foundation Cracks:		l None Vis	ible Visib	le from: 🗹 Exter	rior Interior
Movement apparent:		l No			
Partially/Coveredwalls:		l No			
,					
	Condition	reported	above reflects <u>visib</u>	ole portion only	
Floor			(See vapour barri	er remarks)	
Material:	Concrete	='			
Condition:	Satisfactor	y			
Seismic Bolts			Not applicable		
Ocisitile Boils]	Not applicable		
Basement Drainage					
Indication of moisture:	No				
Sump Pump:	No	Sump Pun	np Operates: Not a	pplicable	
Floor drain(s) present:	Yes				
Drain Tile (See Remarks p	(ane)	□ Pa1	lmer valve present	☐ Not Visible	(See Remarks page)
Diam the (See Remarks p	age)	I a.	inici varve present	□ NOT VISIBLE	(See Remarks page)
Girders (1), Columns (2)		□ N/.	A		
	☑ Steel	J	□ Wood	□ Block	☐ Concrete ☐ Not visible
Condition:	☑ Satisfact	torv	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Stained/rusted
	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =				
Joists /Trusses			_		
☑ Joist ☐ Trusses	☐ I-Joist		□ Steel	☑ Wood	□Concrete □ Not visible
	\square 2x6		☑ 2x8	$\square 2x10$	□ 2x12
Sub Floor					
	☐ Indication	I on of mois	ture stains/rotting		
				viewed from bas	sement or crawl space
	7 11 Cd	is around s	no wer stairs, etc., as	viewed ironi bas	sement of crawl space
General Comments					

Foundation appeared to be in overall satisfactory condition. Foundation walls were covered/partially covered with paneling/drywall/insulation and were not visible. No representation can be made to the conditions of the covered/partially covered walls. Floor appeared to be in overall satisfactory condition. No active seepage visible at the time of the inspection. No representation can be made to future leaking of the basement walls.

PLUMBING

Water Service		Shut off location: I	Dagamant		
			basement		
Water entry piping: Co	opper Wate	r lines: Copper			
	Lead (other than	solder joints):	☐ Yes ☑ No	☐ Service entry	☐ Unknown
	Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Poor	Cross connection:	\square Yes \square No
	Water pressure:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Poor □ Abo	ve 80 psi (Needs eva	aluation)
	Pipes: ☐ Corro	ded ☐ Leaking	☐ Valves broke	n/missing	issimilar metal
Drain/waste/vent pipe:	Plastic				
	Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	☐ Marginal	□ Poor	☐ Not visible
	Waste discharge	: ☑ Satisfactory	☐ Slow drain		
Gas Lines		☐ Not visible	☐ Shutoff missi	ng	
	□ Copper	☐ Brass	☑ Black iron	☐ Stainless steel	\square CSST
Water Heater					
Brand name: GSW					
Energy Source: Gas	Approx. age:	б yrs		Capacity: 189 Lits	res
Rental Unit: Yes	11 6	Seismic restraints i	needed: ☑ N/A 🗆		
Relief valve:	☑ Yes □ No	Extension pr	roper:	□ No □ Miss	sing
Vent pipe:	□ N/A ☑ Satisf	factory 🗆 Improper			U
		, r . r . r . r . r . r . r . r . r . r	T		
Water Softener		(Unit not evaluate	ed)		
	□Yes ☑ No	Plumbing hoo	oked up: ☐ Yes	□No	
General Comments					

Overall the plumbing system, faucets, water pressure and drain rates were found to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspections.

HEATING SYSTEM

Fuel Shutoff for Building	Main fuel sh	utoff location:	Outside at	gas meter	
Forced Air System	☑ Central U	nit l	⊐ Wall Fu	ırnace	☐ Floor Furnace
Brand name: B	ryant			Approxima	<i>te age:</i> 10 to 15 yrs
Energy source: Gas Furn	ace Efficiency	: High Efficien	су		
Hot air systems: Direct drive					
Heat exchanger: Sealed unit, not visible	e Heat Exc	changer Condit	ion:		
View is extremely lim	nited - See Rer	narks page ab	out option	ns	
Distribution: Metal Ducts	Flue pipin	g: Plastic			
Filter: Standard Filter Condition: S	Satisfactory				
Operated: When turned on	by thermostat	: ☑ Fire	d	☐ Did not f	fire
Operation: Satisfactory: 5	ĭ Yes □ No	☐ Recommen	d HVAC t	echnician ex	amine Before closing
Controls:		✓ Normal op	erating and	d safety cont	rols observed
Heat pump: \square Aux. Elec.	☐ Aux. Gas	☐ Aux. geoth	ermal	☑ N/A	
Emergency hear	t tested:	□ Yes	□ No	☑ N/A	
Others	☑ N/A				
☐ Electric base	board	☐ Radiant ceil	ing cable	☐ Gas space	e heater
☐ Radiant in flo	or heating	□ Wood burn	ing stove	(See Rema	rks page)
General Comments					

Furnace was in normal working order at the time of the inspection. Heat exchanger had limited visibility due to its high-efficiency design. Flue was drafting properly at the time of the inspection. Filter should be changed /cleaned on regular bases.

COOLING SYSTEM

		OLIN			w .	
System Components		□ None			Approximate ago	e: 10 to 15 yrs
Energy source: Electric	Central air: Air	Cooled				•
Operated: Yes	Operation: Satisf	factory				
Refrigerant lines:	☐ Leak	☐ Damag	ged	☐ Insulation	n missing	☑ Satisfactory
Through wall unit(s):	☑ N/A	Operated:	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Satisfactory	☐ Needs service
General Comments						
General Comments						
A /Cittim	::	. 4:4:				
A/C unit was operating	in satisfactory coi	idition.				
		ELEC	CTRI	CAL		
Main Panel		Location:	Basement			
	Amps: 100 amps	S	Volts:120	0/240 volts	Panel Type: Bre	akers
Appears grounded:	☑ Yes □ No	GFCI	present:	□ Yes ☑	No <i>Operates</i> :	□ Yes □ No
Main Wire:	Not visible					
Branch Wire:	Copper					
	☑ Romex	☐ BX cal	ble	☐ Conduit		☐ Knob & tube
	☐ Multiple tappir	ng 🗆 Branch	n wires und	ersized \square	Federal Pacific p	anel (see Remarks)
	□ 3 / 1/1 1 / 1					
		ng of main disc	connect	☐ Safety Ha		
	☐ Arc fault pres	ent	Operates	: □ Yes	□ No □ N/A	(see Remarks)
		ent	Operates	•	□ No □ N/A	(see Remarks)
Sub Panel(s)	☐ Arc fault pres	ent	Operates	: □ Yes	□ No □ N/A	(see Remarks)
Sub Panel(s)	☐ Arc fault pres☐ Panel not acco	ent essible	Operates	: □ Yes	□ No □ N/A son:	(see Remarks)
Sub Panel(s) Location 1:	☐ Arc fault pres☐ Panel not acco	ent essible cocation 2:	Operates: □ Not ev	: □Yes aluated Rea	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3:	(see Remarks)
Location 1:	☐ Arc fault pres☐ Panel not acco	ent essible cocation 2: essible	Operates: ☐ Not ev	: □ Yes aluated Rea aluated Rea	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son:	(see Remarks)
	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ I ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper	ent essible cocation 2: essible Alumi	Operates: ☐ Not ev ☐ Not ev num	aluated Rea	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Location 1:	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s	ent essible cocation 2: essible Alumi separated:	Operates: ☐ Not ev ☐ Not ev num ☐ Yes	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electricity	ian separate
Location 1:	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ I ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s Neutral isolated:	cocation 2: cossible Aluminates	Operates: Not ev Not ev Not ev Yes Yes	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl	No N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum Have electrici Have electrici	ian separate
Location 1: Branch Wiring:	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s	cocation 2: cossible Aluminates	Operates: Not ev Not ev Not ev Yes Yes	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electricity	ian separate
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin	ent essible cocation 2: essible Alumi eparated: g □ Branch	Operates: Not ev Not ev Not ev Not ev Yes Yes wires unde	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard	ian separate ian isolate
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ of installed light	ent essible cocation 2: essible Alumi eparated: ng Branch cing fixtures,	Operates: Not ev Not ev Not ev Not ev Yes Yes wires unde	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard	ian separate ian isolate
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper Neutral/ground s Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin er of installed lighted and found to be	ent essible Location 2: essible Alumi eparated: ng Branch ling fixtures, se:	Operates: Not evenum Yes wires underswitches, and	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No rsized	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard	ian separate ian isolate
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ er of installed lighted and found to be ☑ Satisfactory	ent essible Location 2: essible Alumi eparated: ng Branch ling fixtures, access	Operates: Not evenum Yes wires underswitches, an	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No rsized	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electricity □ Have dectricity Safety Hazard	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ ed and found to be ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Open grounds	cocation 2: cossible Cocation 2: cossible Aluminated: comparated: comparated	Operates: Not evenum Yes Yes wires underswitches, and all se polarity	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized Poor GFCIs not	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard s located inside the	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and ounded 3-prong outlets
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Open grounds ☐ Solid conduc	cocation 2: cocation 3: cocati	Operates: Not evenum Yes Yes wires underswitches, and all all polarity m branch v	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized Poor GFCIs not viring circui	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard s located inside the	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and ounded 3-prong outlets
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ ed and found to be ☑ Satisfactory ☐ Open grounds	cocation 2: cocation 3: cocati	Operates: Not evenum Yes Yes wires underswitches, and all all polarity m branch v	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized Poor GFCIs not viring circui	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard s located inside the	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and ounded 3-prong outlets
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number exterior walls were tested.	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Open grounds ☐ Solid conduc	cocation 2: cocation 3: cocati	Operates: Not evenum Yes Yes wires underswitches, and all all polarity m branch v	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized Poor GFCIs not viring circui	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard s located inside the	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and ounded 3-prong outlets
Location 1: Branch Wiring: Electrical Fixtures A representative number	☐ Arc fault pres ☐ Panel not acco ☐ Copper ☐ Neutral/ground s ☐ Neutral isolated: ☐ Multiple tappin ☐ Satisfactory ☐ Open grounds ☐ Solid conduc	cocation 2: cocation 3: cocati	Operates: Not evenum Yes Yes wires underswitches, and all all polarity m branch v	aluated Rea aluated Rea Copper cl No No ersized Poor GFCIs not viring circui	□ No □ N/A son: Location 3: son: ad aluminum □ Have electrici □ Have electrici Safety Hazard s located inside the	ian separate ian isolate e house, garage, and ounded 3-prong outlets

Panel size appeared to be compatible to service size. Branch breaker distribution appeared normal. No signs of overheating were evident at the time of the inspection. Outlets were randomly tested and had correct polarity, except as noted.

GENERAL REMARKS

List below are general remarks about the different areas and components of a home. These remarks are for general information purposes only and some of the information provided may not be specific to the home inspected.

GROUNDS REMARKS

Service Walks/Driveways

Spalling concrete cannot be patched with concrete because the new will not bond with the old. Water will freeze between the two layers, or the concrete will break up from movement or wear. Replacement of the damaged section is recommended. Walks or driveways that are close to the property should be properly pitched away to direct water away from the foundation. Asphalt driveways should be kept sealed and larger cracks filled so as to prevent damage from frost.

Patios that have settled towards the structure should be mudjacked or replaced to assure proper pitch. Improperly pitched patios are one source of wet basements.

Exterior Wood Surfaces

All surfaces of untreated wood need regular applications of paint or special chemicals to resist damage. Porch or deck columns and fence posts which are buried in the ground and made of untreated wood will become damaged within a year or two.

Decks should always be nailed with galvanized or aluminium nails. Decks that are not painted or stained should be treated with a water sealer.

Grading and Drainage

Any system of grading or landscaping that creates positive drainage (moving water away from the foundation walls) will help to keep a basement dry. Where negative grade exists and additional backfill is suggested, it may require digging out around the property to get a proper pitch. Dirt shall be approximately 15 cm below the bottom sill and should not touch wood surfaces.

Flower beds, loose mulched areas, railroad ties and other such landscaping items close to the foundation trap moisture and contribute to wet basements. To establish a positive grade, a proper slope away from the house is 2.5 cm per meter for approximately 1.5 to 2 meters. Recommend ground cover planting or grass to foundation.

Roof and Surface Water Control

Roof and surface water must be controlled to maintain a dry basement. This means keeping gutters cleaned out and aligned, extending downspouts, installing splash blocks, and building up the grade so that roof and surface water is diverted away from the building.

Window Wells

The amount of water which enters a window well from falling rain is generally slight, but water will accumulate in window wells if the yard is improperly graded. Plastic window well covers are useful in keeping out leaves and debris.

Retaining Walls

Retaining walls deteriorate because of excessive pressure build-up behind them, generally due to water accumulation. Often, conditions can be improved by excavating a trench behind the retaining wall and filling it with coarse gravel. Drain holes through the wall will then be able to relieve the water pressure.

Retaining walls sometime suffer from tree root pressure or from general movement of topsoil down the slope. Normally, these conditions require rebuilding the retaining wall.

Railings

It is recommended that railings be installed for any stairway over 3 steps and porches over 75 cm for safety reasons. Balusters for porches, balconies, and stairs should be close enough to assure children cannot squeeze through.

ROOF COVERING REMARKS

Valleys & Flashings

Valleys and flashings that are covered with shingles and/or tar or any other material are considered not visible and are not part of the inspection.

Stone Roofs - Coverings

This type of covering on a pitched roof requires ongoing annual maintenance. We recommend that a roofing contractor evaluate this type of roof. Infra-red photography is best used to determine areas of potential leaks.

Flat Roofs

Flat roofs are very vulnerable to leaking. It is very important to maintain proper drainage to prevent ponding of water. We recommend that a roofing contractor evaluate this type of roof.

ROOF TYPE	LIFE EXPECTANCY	SPECIAL REMARKS
Asphalt Shingles	15-20 years	Used on nearly 80% of all residential roofs; requires little maintenance
Asphalt Multi-Thickness Shingles*	20-30 years	Heavier and more durable than regular asphalt shingles
Asphalt Interlocking Shingles*	15-25 years	Especially good in high-wind areas
Asphalt Rolls	10 years	Used on low slope roofs
Built-up Roofing	10-20 years	Used on low slope roofs; 2 to 3 times as costly as asphalt shingles
Wood Shingles*	10-40 years ¹	Treat with preservative every 5 years to prevent decay
Clay Tiles* Cement Tiles*	20 + years 20 + years	Durable, fireproof, but not watertight, requiring a good subsurface base
Slate Shingles*	30-100 years ²	Extremely durable, but brittle and expensive
Asbestos Cement Shingles*	30-75 years	Durable, but brittle and difficult to repair
Metal Roofing	15-40 + years	Comes in sheets & shingles; should be well grounded for protection from lightning; certain metals must be painted
Single Ply Membrane	15-25 years (mfgr's claim)	New material; not yet passed test of time

^{*} Not recommended for use on low slope roof

Roof covering should be visually checked in spring and fall for any visible missing shingles, damaged coverings or other defects. Before re-roofing, the underside of the roof structure and roof sheathing should be inspected to determine that the roof structure can support the additional weight of the shingles.

Wood shakes and shingles will vary in aging, due to quality of the material, installation, maintenance, and surrounding shade trees. Ventilation and drying of the wood material is critical in extending the life expectancy of the wood. Commercial preservatives are available on the market, which could be applied to wood to impede deterioration.

¹ Depending on local conditions and proper installation ² Depending on quality of slate

CHIMNEY / GUTTERS / SIDING / TRIM REMARKS

Chimneys

Chimneys built of masonry will eventually need tuck pointing. A cracked chimney top that allows water and carbonic acid to get behind the surface brick/stone will accelerate the deterioration. Moisture will also deteriorate the clay flue liner. Periodic chimney cleaning will keep you apprised of the chimney's condition. The flashing around the chimney may need resealing and should be inspected every year or two. Fireplace chimneys should be inspected and evaluated by a chimney professional before using. Chimneys must be adequate height for proper drafting. Spark arrestors are recommended for wood burning chimney and chimney caps for fossil fuels

Unlined Chimney - should be re-evaluated by a chimney technician.

Have flue cleaned and re-evaluated. The flue lining is covered with soot or creosote and no representation can be made as to the condition.

NOT EVALUATED- The flue was not evaluated due to inaccessibility such as roof pitch, cap, cleanout not accessible, etc.

Cricket Flashing

Small, sloped structure made of metal and designed to drain moisture away from a chimney. Crickets are usually placed at the back of a chimney.

Gutters and Downspouts

This is an extremely important element in basement dampness control. Keep gutters clean and downspout extensions in place (1.25 meters or more). Paint the inside of galvanized gutters, which will extend the life. Shortly after a rain or thaw in winter, look for leaks at seams in the gutters. These can be re-caulked before they cause damage to fascia or soffit boards. If no gutters exist, it is recommended that they be added.

Siding

Wood siding should not come in contact with the ground. The moisture will cause rotting to take place and can attract carpenter ants.

EIFS - This type of siding has experienced serious problems and requires a certified EIFS inspector to determine condition.

Brick and stone veneer must be monitored for loose or missing mortar. Some brick and stone are susceptible to spalling. This can be caused when moisture is trapped and a freeze/thaw situation occurs. There are products on the market that can be used to seal out the moisture. This holds true for brick and stone chimneys also.

Metal sidings will dent and scratch. Oxidation is a normal reaction in aluminum. There are good cleaners on the market and it is recommended that they be used occasionally. Metal siding can be painted.

Doors and Windows

These can waste an enormous amount of energy. Maintain the caulking around the frames on the exterior. Check for drafts in the winter and improve the worst offenders first. Windows that have leaky storm windows will usually have a lot of sweating. Likewise, well-sealed storms that sweat indicate a leaky window. It is the tighter unit that will sweat (unless the home has excess humidity to begin with.)

Wood that exhibits blistering or peeling paint should be examined for possible moisture sources: roof leaks, bad gutters, interior moisture from baths or laundry or from a poorly vented crawl space. Some paint problems have no logical explanation, but many are a symptom of an underlying problem. A freshly painted house may mask these symptoms, but after you have lived in the home for a year or two, look for localized paint blistering (peeling). It may be a clue.

New glazing will last longer if the raw wood is treated with boiled linseed oil prior to glazing. It prevents the wood from drawing the moisture out of the new glazing.

Caulking

Many different types of caulk are available on the market today. Check with a paint or hardware store for the kind of application you need.

EXTERIOR / ELECTRICAL / AC / GARAGE REMARKS

Exterior Doors

The exposed side of wood exterior doors needs to be painted or stained and varnished to prevent discolouring and delamination. Weather-stripping is a must to prevent drafts.

Electrical

Overhead wires from the mast to the main panel that are exposed to the weather may fray and crack. If this occurs, wires should be replaced by a licensed electrician.

Any outdoor overhead service conductor wires should have adequate clearance above the ground (3 meters) and from balcony and windows (1 meter), for safety reasons.

Underground system - Some exterior boxes that are at ground level have a grade line on them. You should insure that the grade remains below this line to prevent moisture from entering the main panel.

Overhead Door Openers

We recommend that a separate electrical outlet be provided. Openers that do not have a safety reverse are considered a safety hazard. Small children and pets are especially vulnerable. We recommend the operating switches be set high enough so children cannot reach them. If an electric sensor is present, it should be tested occasionally to ensure it is working.

Garage Sill Plates

Sill plates within the garage should be elevated or treated lumber should be used. If this is not the case, try to direct water away to prevent rotting.

A/C Compressors

They should not become overgrown with foliage. Clearance requirements vary, but 60 cm on all sides should be considered minimal with up to 2 meters of air discharge desirable. If a clothes dryer vent is within five to ten feet, either relocate the vent or do not run when the A/C is running. The lint will quickly reduce the efficiency of the A/C unit.

Burners

Any appliance such as a water heater, furnace, etc. should have the flame a minimum of 45 cm above the floor. Any open flame less than 45 cm from the floor is a potential safety hazard. The appliance should also be protected from vehicle damage.

KITCHEN / LAUNDRY / UTILITY ROOM REMARKS

Plaster on Wood Lath

Plaster on wood lath is an old technique and is no longer in general use. Wood lath shrinks with time and the nails rust and loosen. As a result, the plaster may become fragile and caution is needed in working with this type of plastering system. Sagging ceilings are best repaired by laminating drywall over the existing plaster and screwing it to the ceiling joists.

Plaster on Gypsum Lath (Rock Lath)

Plaster on gypsum lath will sometimes show the seams of the 40 cm wide gypsum lath, but this does not indicate a structural fault. The scalloping appearance can be levelled with drywall joint compound and fibreglass mesh joint tape or drywall can be laminated over the existing plaster on the ceiling.

Wood Flooring

Always attempt to clean wood floors first before making the decision to refinish the floor. Wax removers and other mild stripping agents plus a good waxing and buffing will usually produce satisfactory results. Mild bleaching agents help remove deep stains. Sanding removes some of the wood in the floor and can usually be done safely only once or twice in the life of the floor.

Nail Pops

Drywall nail pops are due to normal expansion and contraction of the wood members to which the drywall is nailed, and are usually of no structural significance.

Carpeting

Where carpeting has been installed, the materials and condition of the floor underneath cannot be determined.

Appliances

Dishwashers are tested to see if the motor operates and water sprays properly (full cycles are not run). Stoves are tested to see that burners are working and oven and broiler get hot. Timer and controls are not tested. Refrigerators are not tested.

No representation is made to continued life expectancy of any appliance.

Asbestos and Other Hazards

Asbestos fibres in some form are present in many homes, but are often not visible and cannot be identified without testing.

If there is reason to suspect that asbestos may be present and if it is of particular concern, a sample of the material in question may be removed and analyzed in a laboratory. *However, detecting or inspecting for the presence or absence of asbestos is not a part of our inspection.*

Also excluded from this inspection and report are the possible presence of, or danger from, radon gas, lead-based paint, urea formaldehyde, toxic or flammable chemicals and all other similar or potentially harmful substances and environmental hazards.

Windows

A representative number of windows are inspected.

BATHROOM REMARKS

Stall Shower

The metal shower pan in a stall shower has a potential or probable life of 10-20 years depending on quality of the pan installed. Although a visible inspection is made to determine whether a shower pan is currently leaking, it cannot be stated with certainty that no defect is present or that one may not soon develop. Shower pan leaks often do not show except when the shower is in actual use.

Ceramic Tile

Bathroom tile installed in a mortar bed is excellent. It is still necessary to keep the joint between the tile and the tub/shower caulked or sealed to prevent water spillage from leaking through and damaging the ceilings below.

Ceramic tile is often installed in mastic. It is important to keep the tile caulked or water will seep behind the tile and cause deterioration in the wallboard. Special attention should be paid to the area around faucets and other tile penetrations.

Exhaust Fans

Bathrooms with a shower should have exhaust fans where possible. This helps to remove excess moisture from the room, preventing damage to the ceiling and walls and wood finishes. The exhaust fan should not be vented into the attic. The proper way to vent the fans is to the outside. Running the vent pipe horizontally and venting into a gable end or soffit is preferred. Running the vent pipe vertically through the roof may cause condensation to run down the vent pipe, rusting the fan and damaging the wallboard. Insulating the vent pipe in the attic will help to reduce this problem.

SLOW DRAINS on sinks, tubs, and showers are usually due to build-up of hair and soap scum. Most sink pop-ups can be easily removed for cleaning. Some tubs have a spring attached to the closing lever that acts as a catch for hair. It may require removing a couple of screws to disassemble. If you cannot mechanically remove the obstruction, be kind to your pipes. Don't use a caustic cleaner. There are several bacteria drain cleaners available. They are available at hardware stores in areas where septic tanks are used. These drain cleaners take a little longer to work, but are safe for you and your pipes.

Safety Hazards

Typical safety hazards found in bathrooms are open grounds or reverse polarity by water. Replacing these outlets with G.F.C.I.'s are recommended. (See Electrical section)

Whirlpool Tubs

This relates to interior tubs hooked up to interior plumbing. Where possible, the motor will be operated to see that the jets are working. Hot tubs and spas are not inspected.

ROOMS (INTERIOR) REMARKS

Door Stops

All swinging doors should be checked for door stops. Broken or missing door stops can result in door knobs breaking through drywall or plaster.

Closet Guides

Sliding closet doors should be checked to see that closet guides are in place. Missing or broken closet guides can cause scratches and damage to doors.

Cold Air Returns

Bedrooms that do not have cold air returns in them should have a 1.75 cm gap under the doors to allow cold air to be drawn into the hall return.

AN INSPECTION VERSUS A WARRANTY

A home inspection is just what the name indicates, an inspection of a home...usually a home that is being purchased. The purpose of the inspection is to determine the condition of the various systems and structures of the home. While an inspection performed by a competent inspection firm will determine the condition of the major components of the home, no inspection will pick up every minute latent defect. The inspector's ability to find all defects is limited by access to various parts of the property, lack of information about the property and many other factors. A good inspector will do his or her level best to determine the condition of the home and to report it accurately. The report that is issued is an opinion as to the condition of the home. This opinion is arrived at by the best technical methods available to the home inspection industry. It is still only an opinion.

A warranty is a policy sold to the buyer that warrants that specific items in the home are in sound condition and will remain in sound condition for a specified period of time. Typically, the warranty company never inspects the home. The warranty company uses actuarial tables to determine the expected life of the warranted items and charges the customer a fee for the warranty that will hopefully cover any projected loss and make a profit for the warranty seller. It is essentially an insurance policy.

The service that we have provided you is an inspection. We make no warranty of this property. If you desire warranty coverage, please see your real estate agent for details about any warranty plan to which their firm may have access.

WINDOWS / FIREPLACES / ATTIC REMRKS

Window Frames and Sills

Window frames and sills often are found to have surface deterioration due to condensation that has run off the window and damaged the varnish. Usually this can be repaired with a solvent style refinisher and fine steel wool. This is sometimes a sign of excess humidity in the house.

See comments regarding caulking doors and windows above (Chimneys/Gutters/Siding).

Fireplaces

It is important that a fireplace be cleaned on a routine basis to prevent the build-up of creosote in the flue, which can cause a chimney fire.

Masonry fireplace chimneys are normally required to have a terra cotta flue liner or 8 inches of masonry surrounding each flue in order to be considered safe and to conform to most building codes.

During visual inspections, it is not uncommon to be unable to detect the absence of a flue liner either because of stoppage at the firebox, a defective damper or lack of access from the roof.

Wood burners

Once installed, it can be difficult to determine proper clearances for wood burning stoves. Manufacturer specifications, which are not usually available to the inspector, determine the proper installation. We recommend you ask the owner for paperwork verifying that it was installed by a professional contractor.

Ventilation

Ventilation is recommended at the rate of one square foot of vent area to 300 square feet of attic floor space, this being divided between soffit and rooftop. Power vents should ideally have both a humidistat and a thermostat, since ventilation is needed to remove winter moisture as well as summer heat. Evidence of condensation, such as blackened roof sheathing, frost on nail heads, etc. is an indication that ventilation may have been or is blocked or inadequate.

Insulation

The recommended insulation in the attic area is R-38, approximately 30cm. If insulation is added, it is important that the ventilation is proper.

Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors should be tested monthly. At least one detector should be on each level.

Vapour Barriers

The vapour barrier should be on the warm side of the surface. Older homes were often built without vapour barriers. If the vapour barrier is towards the cold side of the surface, it should be sliced or removed. Most vapour barriers in the attic are covered by insulation and therefore, not visible.

Safety Glazing

Safety glazing requirements vary depending on the age of the home. Every attempt is made to identify areas where the lack of safety glazing presents an immediate safety hazard, such as a shower door. In some older homes it is difficult to determine if safety glazing is present, since the glass is not marked. Therefore, no representation is made that safety glazing exists in all appropriate areas.

Insulated Glass

The broken seals are not always detectable due to dirty windows, covered windows, etc. In most cases, leaking glass seals take some time before they are evident.

BASEMENT REMARKS

Basement

Any basement that has cracks or leaks is technically considered to have failed. Most block basements have step cracks in various areas. If little or no movement has occurred, and the step cracks are uniform, this is considered acceptable. Horizontal cracks in the third or fourth block down indicate the block has moved due to outside pressure. They can be attributed to many factors, such as improper grading, improperly functioning gutter and downspout system, etc. Normally, if little or no movement has taken place and proper grading and downspouts exist, this is considered acceptable. If the wall containing the stress crack(s) has moved considerably, this will require some method of reinforcement. Basements that have been freshly painted or tuck-pointed should be monitored for movement. This will be indicated by cracks reopening. If cracks reappear, reinforcement may be necessary. Reinforcing a basement wall can become expensive.

Foundation (Covered Walls)

Although an effort has been made to note any major inflections or weaknesses, it is difficult at best to detect these areas when walls are finished off, or basement storage makes areas inaccessible. *No representation is made as to the condition of these walls.*

Monitor indicates that the walls have stress cracks, but little movement has occurred. In our opinion, the cracks should be filled with mortar and the walls monitored for further movement and cracking. If additional movement or cracking occurs, re-enforcements may be necessary.

Have Evaluated — we recommend that the walls be re-evaluated by a structural engineer or basement repair company and estimates be obtained if work is required.

Vapour Barrier

Floors that are dirt or gravel should be covered with a vapour barrier.

Moisture Present

Basement dampness is frequently noted in houses and in most cases the stains, moisture or efflorescence present is a symptom denoting that a problem exists outside the home. Usual causes are improper downspout extensions or leaking gutters and/or low or improper grade (including concrete surfaces) at the perimeter of the house. A proper slope away from the house is one inch per foot for four to six feet.

Expensive solutions to basement dampness are frequently offered, and it is possible to spend thousands of dollars on solutions such as pumping out water that has already entered or pumping of chemical preparations into the ground around the house, when all that may be necessary are a few common sense solutions at the exterior perimeter. However, this is not intended to be an exhaustive list of causes and solutions to the presence of moisture. *No representation is made to future moisture that may appear.*

Palmer Valve

Many older homes have a valve in the floor drain. This drain needs to remain operational.

Drain Tile

We offer no opinion about the existence or condition of the drain tile, as it cannot be visibly inspected.

Basement Electrical Outlets

We recommend that you have an outlet within 2 meters of each appliance. The appliance you plan to install may be different than what exists; therefore the inspection includes testing a representative number of receptacles that exist. It is also recommended to have ground fault circuit interrupts for any outlet in the unfinished part of the basement and crawl spaces.

PLUMBING REMARKS

Wells

Examination of wells is not included in this visual inspection. It is recommended that you have well water checked for purity by the local health authorities and, if possible, a check on the flow of the well in periods of drought. A well pit should have a locked cover on it to prevent anyone from falling into the pit.

Septic Systems

The check of septic systems is not included in our visual inspection. You should have the local health authorities or other qualified experts check the condition of a septic system.

In order for the septic system to be checked, the house must have been occupied within the last 30 days.

Water Pipes

Galvanized water pipes rust from the inside out and may have to be replaced within 20 to 30 years. This is usually done in two stages: horizontal piping in the basement first and vertical pipes throughout the house later as needed.

Copper pipes usually have more life expectancy and may last as long as 60 years before needing to be replaced.

Polybutylene pipes are grey pipes that have a history of failure and should be examined by a licensed plumber.

Hose Bibs

During the winter months it is necessary to make sure the outside faucets are winterized. This can be done by means of a valve located in the basement. Leave the outside faucets open to allow any water standing in the pipes to drain, preventing them from freezing. Hose bibs cannot be tested when winterized.

Water Heater

The life expectancy of a water heater is 5-10 years. Water heaters generally need not be replaced unless they leak. It is a good maintenance practice to drain 5-10 gallons from the heater several times a year. *Missing relief valves or improper extension present a safety hazard.*

Water Softeners

During a visual inspection, it is not possible to determine if water is being properly softened.

Plumbing

The temperature/pressure valve should be tested several times a year by lifting the valve's handle. Caution: very hot water will be discharged. If no water comes out, the valve is defective and must be replaced.

Shut-Off Valves

Most shut-off valves have not been operated for long periods of time. We recommend operating each shut-off valve to: toilet bowl, water heater, under sinks, main shut-off, hose faucets, and all others. We recommend you have a plumber do this, as some of the valves may need to be repacked or replaced. Once the valves are in proper operating order, we recommend opening and closing these valves several times a year.

Polybutylene Piping

This type of piping has a history of problems and should be examined by a licensed plumber and repaired or replaced as necessary.

MECHANICAL DEVICES MAY OPERATE AT ONE MOMENT AND LATER MALFUNCTION; THEREFORE, LIABILITY IS SPECIFICALLY LIMITED TO THOSE SITUATIONS WHERE IT CAN BE CONCLUSIVELY SHOWN THAT THE MECHANICAL DEVICE INSPECTED WAS INOPERABLE OR IN THE IMMEDIATE NEED OF REPAIR OR NOT PERFORMING THE FUNCTION FOR WHICH IS IT WAS INTENDED AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION.

HEATING SYSTEM REMARKS

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING units have limited lives. Normal lives are:

GAS-FIRED HOT AIR	.15-25 years
OIL-FIRED HOT AIR	
CAST IRON BOILER	. 30-50 years
(Hot water or steam)	or more
STEEL BOILER	. 30-40 years
(Hot water or steam)	or more
COPPER BOILER	. 10-20 years
(Hot water or steam)	
CIRCULATING PUMP (Hot water)	. 10-15 years
AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR	.8-12 years
HEAT PUMP	8-12 years

Gas-fired hot air units that are close to or beyond their normal lives have the potential of becoming a source of carbon monoxide in the home. You may want to have such a unit checked every year or so to assure yourself that it is still intact. Of course, a unit of such an age is a good candidate for replacement with one of the new, high efficiency furnaces. The fuel savings alone can be very attractive.

Boilers and their systems may require annual attention. If you are not familiar with your system, have a heating contractor come out in the fall to show you how to do the necessary things. *Caution: do not add water to a hot boiler!*

Forced air systems should have filters changed every 30 to 60 days of the heating and cooling season. This is especially true if you have central air conditioning. A dirty air system can lead to premature failure of your compressor - a \$1,500 machine.

Oil-fired furnaces and boilers should be serviced by a professional each year. Most experts agree you will pay for the service cost in fuel saved by having a properly tuned burner.

Read the instructions for maintaining the humidifier on your furnace. A malfunctioning humidifier can rust out a furnace rather quickly. It is recommended that the humidifier be serviced at the same time as the furnace, and be cleaned regularly. *During a visual inspection it is not possible to determine if the humidifier is working.*

Have HVAC Technician Examine - A condition was found that suggests a heating contractor should do a further analysis. We suggest doing this before closing.

Heat exchangers cannot be examined nor their condition determined without being disassembled. Since this is not possible during a visual, non-technically exhaustive inspection, you may want to obtain a service contract on the unit or contact a furnace technician regarding a more thorough examination.

Testing pilot safety switch requires blowing out the pilot light. Checking safety limit controls requires disconnecting blower motor or using other means beyond the scope of this inspection. If furnace has not been serviced in last 12 months, you may want to have a furnace technician examine.

CO Test - This is not part of a non-technical inspection.

Combustible Gas Test (Potential Safety Hazard) - If a combustible gas detector was used during the inspection of the furnace and evidence of possible combustible gases was noted, we caution you that our test instrument is sensitive to many gases and not a foolproof test. None-the-less, this presents the <u>possibility</u> that a hazard exists and could indicate that the heat exchanger is, or will soon be, defective.

COOLING SYSTEM / ELECTRICAL REMARKS

Electrical

Every effort has been made to evaluate the size of the service. Three wires going into the home indicate 240 volts. The total amps are sometimes difficult to determine. We highly recommend that ground fault circuit interrupters (G.F.C.I.) be connected to all outlets around water. This device automatically opens the circuit when it senses a current leak to ground. This device can be purchased in most hardware stores. G.F.C.I.'s are recommended by all outlets located near water, outside outlets, or garage outlets. Pool outlets should also be protected with a G.F.C.I.

The G.F.C.I. senses the flow of electricity through a circuit. If more current is flowing through the black ("hot") wire than the white ("neutral") wire, there is a current leakage. The G.F.C.I., which can sense a ground leak of as little as .005 amps, will shut off the current in 1/40 of a second, which is fast enough to prevent injury.

If you do have G.F.C.I.'s, it is recommended that you test (and reset) them monthly. When you push the test button, the reset button should pop out, shutting off the circuit. If it doesn't, the breaker is not working properly. If you don't test them once a month, the breakers have a tendency to stick, and may not protect you when needed.

Knob and tube wiring found in older homes should be checked by an electrician to insure that the wire cover is in good condition. Under no circumstances should this wire be covered with insulation. Recess light fixtures should have a baffle around them so that they are not covered with insulation. The newer recessed fixtures will shut off if they overheat.

Federal Pacific electrical panels may be unsafe. See www.google.com and search for "Federal Pacific" for additional and up-to-date information.

Aluminum wiring in general lighting circuits has a history of overheating, with the potential of a fire. If this type of wiring exists, a licensed electrical contractor should examine the whole system.

Arc Faults

In some areas, arc faults are required in new homes, starting in 2002. These control outlets in the bedrooms.

Reverse Polarity

A common problem that surfaces in many homes is reverse polarity. This is a potentially hazardous situation in which the hot and neutral wires of a circuit are reversed at the outlet, thereby allowing the appliance to incorrectly be connected. This is an inexpensive item to correct.

Each receptacle has a brass and silver screw. The black wire should be wired to the brass screw and the white wire should go to the silver screw. When these wires are switched, this is called "reverse polarity". Turning off the power and switching these wires will correct the problem.

Main service wiring for housing is typically 240 volts. The minimum capacity for newer homes is 100 amps, though many older homes still have 60 amp service. Larger homes or all electric homes will likely have a 200 amp service.

Main service wiring may be protected by one or more circuit breakers or fuses. While most areas allow up to six main turnoffs, expanding from these panels is generally not allowed.

Cooling

Testing A/C System and Heat Pump - The circuit breakers to A/C should be on for a minimum of 24 hours and the outside temperature at least 15 °C for the past 24 hours or an A/C system cannot be operated without possible damage to the compressor. Check the instructions in your A/C manual or on the outside compressor before starting up in the summer. Heat pump can only be tested in the mode it's running in. Outside temperature should be at least 15 °C for the past 24 hours to run in cooling mode.

Temperature differential, between 7°-15°, is usually acceptable. If out of this range, have an HVAC contractor examine it. It is not always feasible to do a differential test due to high humidity, low outside temperature, etc.

HOME MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Regular Maintenance Is the Key

Inspecting your home on a regular basis and following good maintenance practices is the best way to protect your investment in your home. Whether you take care of a few tasks at a time or several all at once, it is important to get into the habit of doing them. Establish a routine for yourself and you will find the work is easy to accomplish and not very time consuming. A regular schedule of seasonal maintenance can put a stop to the most common — and costly — problems, before they occur. If necessary use a camera to take pictures of anything you might want to share with an expert for advice or to monitor or remind you of a situation later.

By following the information noted here, you will learn about protecting your investment and how to help keep your home a safe and healthy place to live.

If you do not feel comfortable performing some of the home maintenance tasks listed below, or have the necessary equipment, for example a ladder, you may want to consider hiring a qualified handy person to help you.

Seasonal Home Maintenance

Most home maintenance activities are seasonal. Fall is the time to get your home ready for the coming winter, which can be the most grueling season for your home. During winter months, it is important to follow routine maintenance procedures, by checking your home carefully for any problems arising and taking corrective action as soon as possible. Spring is the time to assess winter damage, start repairs and prepare for warmer months. Over the summer, there are a number of indoor and outdoor maintenance tasks to look after, such as repairing walkways and steps, painting and checking your chimney and roof.

Whi	le most maintenance is seasonal, there are some things you should do on a frequent basis year round:
	Make sure air vents indoors and outside (intake, exhaust and forced air) are not blocked by snow or debris.
	Check and clean range hood filters on a monthly basis.
	Test the ground fault circuit interrupter(s) monthly by pushing the test button, which should then cause the rese button to pop up.
	If there are young children in the house, make sure electrical outlets are equipped with safety plugs.
	Regularly check the house for safety hazards such as a loose handrail, lifting or buckling carpet, etc.

Timing of the seasons varies not only from one area of Canada to another, but also from year to year in a given area. For this reason, we have not identified the months for each season. The maintenance schedule presented here, instead, is a general guide for you to follow. The actual timing is left for you to decide, and you may want to further divide the list of items for each season into months.

Fall

Have furnace or heating system serviced by a qualified service company every two years for a gas furnace, and every year for an oil furnace.
Open furnace humidifier damper on units with central air conditioning and clean humidifier.
Lubricate circulating pump on hot water heating system.
Bleed air from hot water radiators.
Examine the forced air furnace fan belt for wear, looseness or noise; clean fan blades of any dirt buildup (after disconnecting the electricity to the motor first).
Turn ON gas furnace pilot light.
Check and clean or replace furnace air filters each month during the heating season. Ventilation system, such as heat recovery ventilator, filters should be checked every two months.
Vacuum electric baseboard heaters to remove dust.
Remove the grilles on forced air systems and vacuum inside the ducts.
If the heat recovery ventilator has been shut off for the summer, clean the filters and the core, and pour water down the condensate drain to test it.
Clean portable humidifier, if one is used.
Have well water tested for quality. It is recommended that you test for bacteria every six months.
Check sump pump and line to ensure proper operation, and to ascertain that there are no line obstructions or visible leaks.
Replace window screens with storm windows.
Remove screens from the inside of casement windows to allow air from the heating system to keep condensation off window glass.
Ensure all doors to the outside shut tightly, and check other doors for ease of use. Renew door weatherstripping if required.
If there is a door between your house and the garage, check the adjustment of the self-closing device to ensure it closes the door completely.
Ensure windows and skylights close tightly.
Cover outside of air conditioning units.
Ensure that the ground around your home slopes away from the foundation wall, so that water does not drain into your basement.
Clean leaves from eaves troughs and roofs, and test downspouts to ensure proper drainage from the roof.
Check chimneys for obstructions such as nests.
Drain and store outdoor hoses. Close valve to outdoor hose connection and drain the hose bib (exterior faucet), unless your house has frost proof hose bibs.
If you have a septic tank, measure the sludge and scum to determine if the tank needs to be emptied before the spring. Tanks should be pumped out at least once every three years.
Winterize landscaping, for example, store outdoor furniture, prepare gardens and, if necessary, protect young trees or bushes for winter

Winter

Check and clean or replace furnace air filters each month during the heating season. Ventilation system, such as heat recovery ventilator, filters should be checked every two months.
After consulting your hot water tank owner's manual, drain off a dishpan full of water from the clean-out valve at the bottom of your hot water tank to control sediment and maintain efficiency.
Clean humidifier two or three times during the winter season.
Vacuum bathroom fan grille.
Vacuum fire and smoke detectors, as dust or spider webs can prevent them from functioning.
Vacuum radiator grilles on back of refrigerators and freezers, and empty and clean drip trays.
Check gauge on all fire extinguishers; recharge or replace if necessary.
Check fire escape routes, door and window locks and hardware, and lighting around outside of house; ensure family has good security habits.
Check the basement floor drain to ensure the trap contains water. Refill with water if necessary.
Monitor your home for excessive moisture levels—for example, condensation on your windows, which can cause significant damage over time and pose serious health problems—and take corrective action.
Check all faucets for signs of dripping and change washers as needed. Faucets requiring frequent replacement of washers may be in need of repair.
If you have a plumbing fixture that is not used frequently, such as a laundry tub or spare bathroom sink, tub or shower stall, run some water briefly to keep water in the trap.
Clean drains in dishwasher, sinks, bathtubs and shower stalls.
Test plumbing shut-off valves to ensure they are working and to prevent them from seizing.
Examine windows and doors for ice accumulation or cold air leaks. If found, make a note to repair or replace in the spring.
Examine attic for frost accumulation. Check roof for ice dams or icicles. If there is excessive frost or staining of the underside of the roof, or ice dams on the roof surface.
Check electrical cords, plugs and outlets for all indoor and outdoor seasonal lights to ensure fire safety: if worn, or plugs or cords feel warm to the touch, replace immediately.

Spring

After consulting your hot water tank owner's manual, carefully test the temperature and pressure relief valve to ensure it is not stuck. (Caution: This test may release hot water that can cause burns.)
Check and clean or replace furnace air filters each month during the heating season. Ventilation system, for example heat recovery ventilator, filters should be checked every two months.
Have fireplace or woodstove and chimney cleaned and serviced as needed.
Shut down and clean furnace humidifier, and close the furnace humidifier damper on units with central air conditioning.
Check air conditioning system and have serviced every two or three years.
Clean or replace air conditioning filter (if applicable).
Check dehumidifier and clean if necessary.
Turn OFF gas furnace and fireplace pilot lights where possible.
Have well water tested for quality. It is recommended that you test for bacteria every six months.
Check smoke, carbon monoxide and security alarms and replace batteries.
Clean windows, screens and hardware, and replace storm windows with screens. Check screens first and repair or replace if needed.
Open valve to outside hose connection after all danger of frost has passed.
Examine the foundation walls for cracks, leaks or signs of moisture, and repair as required. Repair and paint fences as necessary.
Ensure sump pump is operating properly before the spring thaw sets in. Ensure discharge pipe is connected and allows water to drain away from the foundation.
Re-level any exterior steps or decks which moved due to frost or settling.
Check eaves troughs and downspouts for loose joints and secure attachment to your home, clear any obstructions, and ensure water flows away from your foundation.
Clear all drainage ditches and culverts of debris.
Undertake spring landscape maintenance and, if necessary, fertilize young trees.

Summer

Monitor basement humidity and avoid relative humidity levels above 60 per cent. Use a dehumidifier to maintain safe relative humidity. Clean or replace air conditioning filter, and wash or replace ventilation system filters if necessary.
Check basement pipes for condensation or dripping, and take corrective action, for example, reduce humidity and or insulate cold water pipes.
Check the basement floor drain to ensure the trap contains water. Refill with water if necessary.
If you have a plumbing fixture that is not used frequently, for example, a laundry tub or spare bathroom sink, tub or shower stall, run some water briefly to keep water in the trap.
Deep clean carpets and rugs.
Vacuum bathroom fan grille.
Disconnect the duct connected to the dryer and vacuum lint from duct, the areas surrounding your clothes dryer and your dryer's vent hood outside.
Check security of all guardrails and handrails.
Check smooth functioning of all windows and lubricate as required.
Inspect window putty on outside of glass panes and replace if needed.
Lubricate door hinges and tighten screws as needed.
Lubricate garage door hardware and ensure it is operating properly.
Lubricate automatic garage door opener motor, chain, etc. and ensure that the auto-reverse mechanism is properly adjusted.
Check and replace damaged caulking and weather-stripping around windows and doorways, including the doorway between the garage and the house.
Inspect electrical service lines for secure attachment where they enter your house, and make sure there is no water leakage into the house along the electrical conduit.
Check exterior wood siding and trim for signs of deterioration; clean, replace or refinish as needed.
Check for and seal off any holes in exterior cladding that could be an entry point for small pests, such as bats, squirrels.
Remove any plants that contact, or roots that penetrate the siding or brick.
Climb up on your roof, or use binoculars, to check its general condition, and note any sagging, that could indicate structural problems requiring further investigation from inside the attic. Note the condition of all shingles for possible repair or replacement, and examine all roof flashings, such as at chimney and roof joints, for any signs of cracking or leakage.
Sweep chimneys connected to any wood burning appliance or fireplace, and inspect them for end-of-season problems.
Check the chimney cap and the caulking between the cap and the chimney.
Repair driveway and walkways as needed.
Repair any damaged steps that present a safety problem.

REPORT PHOTOS



The following pages include photos taken of the home during the home inspection. All the photos are also available on the disk on the page cover of the report. The enclosed disk also contains an electronic copy of the Home Inspection Report as well as 2 electronic eBooks: Home Care Guide by Nick Gromicko and The Safe Home presented by Michael Fournier, CMI and City Wide Home Inspectors. Also there is a copy of the Standards of Practice followed to complete your home inspection.