

PRE-LISTING HOME INSPECTION REPORT



62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario

Report Number :	19025422
Inspection Date:	2019-02-04
Prepared by:	City Wide Home Inspectors
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Subject Property: 62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario

City Wide Home Inspectors PO Box 325 Tottenham, Ontario, LOG 1W0 Office: (416)203-0333 Toll free: 1-877-203-0474 info@citywidehomeinspectors.com www.citywidehomeinspectors.com



February 5, 2019

Inspection Address: 62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario Report Number: 19025422

At your request, an inspection of the above property was performed on 2019-02-04. **City Wide Home Inspectors** is pleased to submit the enclosed report. This report is a professional opinion based on a visual inspection of the accessible components of the home. This report is not an exhaustive technical evaluation. An evaluation of this nature would cost many times more.

Please understand that there are limitations to this inspection. Many components of the home are not visible during the inspection and very little historical information is provided in advance of the inspection. While we can reduce your risk of purchasing a home, we cannot eliminate it, nor can we assume it. Even the most comprehensive inspection cannot be expected to reveal every condition you may consider significant to ownership. In addition to those improvements recommended in our report, we recommend that you budget for unexpected repairs. On average, we have found that setting aside roughly one percent of the value of the home on an annual basis is sufficient to cover unexpected repairs.

The Standards of Practice prohibits us from making any repairs or referring any contractors. We are not associated with any other party to the transaction of this property, except as may be disclosed to you.

The information provided in this report is solely for your use. **City Wide Home Inspectors** will not release a copy of this report without your written consent.

Thank you for selecting our company. We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. Should you have any questions about the general condition of the house in the future, we would be happy to answer these. There is no fee for this telephone or email consulting. Our fees are based on a single visit to the property. If additional visits are required for any reason, additional fees may be assessed.

Sincerely,

Michael Fournier, Owner City Wide Home Inspectors Certified Master Inspector, CMI Certified Mould Inspector, IAC2 Certified Commercial Property Inspector, CCPI Certified Infrared Camera Property Inspector, CICPI

BUILDING DATA

BUILDING DATA

Approximate Age: Building Type: Building Style: General Appearance: Main Entrance Faces: Weather Condition: Temperature: Ground cover: Occupancy:

15 to 20 yrs Single Family Detached Two Story Satisfactory For the sake of this report South Overcast 0 to 10 C Damp Occupied

REPORT LIMITATIONS

This report is intended only as a general guide to help the client make his own evaluation of the overall condition of the home, and is not intended to reflect the value of the premises, nor make any representation as to the advisability of purchase. The report expresses the personal opinions of the inspector, based upon his visual impressions of the conditions that existed at the time of the inspection only. The inspection and report are not intended to be technically exhaustive, or to imply that every component was inspected, or that every possible defect was discovered. No disassembly of equipment, opening of walls, moving of furniture, appliances or stored items, or excavation was performed. This inspection is a limited visual examination of the readily accessible systems and components of the home only.

This inspection is conducted in compliance with the standards of practice of the International Association of Certified Home Inspectors (Inter-NACHI), a copy of which is available at <u>www.citywidehomeinspectors.com/sop</u>.

Systems and conditions which are not within the scope of the building inspection include, but are not limited to: pools spas or their related equipment, formaldehyde, lead paint, asbestos, toxic or flammable materials, and other environmental hazards; pest infestation, playground equipment, efficiency measurement of insulation or heating and cooling equipment, internal or underground drainage or plumbing, any systems which are shut down or otherwise secured; water wells (water quality and quantity) zoning ordinances; intercom; security systems; heat sensors; central vacuum systems, cosmetics or building code conformity. Any general comments about these systems and conditions are informational only and are not within the scope of this inspection.

The inspection report should not be construed as a compliance inspection of any governmental or non-governmental codes or regulations. The report is not intended to be a warranty or guarantee of the present or future adequacy or performance of the structure, its systems, or their component parts. This report does not constitute any express or implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for use regarding the condition of the property and it should not be relied upon as such. Any opinions expressed regarding adequacy, capacity, or expected life of components are general estimates based on information about similar components and occasional wide variations are to be expected between such estimates and actual experience. We recommend that any deficiencies noted in this report be repaired or corrected after consultation with reputable qualified contractors. It is suggested that more than one quote be obtained before commencing with repairs.

The sellers' property information sheet (SPIS) may be referred to in this document. This item is a statement that is often completed by the seller regarding the condition of the subject property. The buyer is urged to obtain and review this document, if available, as it contains crucial information. Photographs, taken at the time of this inspection, are to be considered part of this inspection report.

We certify that our inspectors have no interest, present or contemplated, in this property or its improvement and no involvement with tradespeople or benefits derived from any sales or improvements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, all statements and information in this report are true and correct.

We assume no liability for the cost of repair or replacement of unreported defects or deficiencies either current or arising in the future. You agree that in all cases our liability shall be limited to liquidated damages in an amount not greater than the fee you paid us. You waive any claim for consequential, exemplary, special or incidental damages or for the loss of the use of the home/building. You acknowledge that the liquidated damages are not a penalty, but that we intend them to (i) reflect the fact that actual damages may be difficult and impractical to ascertain; (ii) allocate risk between us; and (iii) enable us to perform the inspection for the agreed upon fee.

Should any disagreement or dispute arise as a result of this inspection or report, it shall be decided by arbitration and shall be submitted for binding, non-appealable arbitration unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. In the event of a claim, the Client will allow City Wide Home Inspectors to inspect the claim prior to any repairs or waive the right to make the claim. Client agrees not to disturb or repair or have repaired anything which may constitute evidence relating to the complaint, except in the case of an emergency.

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SUMMARY*

ITEMS NOT OPERATING

Gas firepalce would not start

MAJOR CONCERNS

None

POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARDS

Homeowner / extension cord wiring in garage Garage entry door not a proper fire rated door No auto closer on the garage entry door

DEFERRED COST ITEMS

Items that have reached or are reaching their normal life expectancy or show indications that they may require repair or replacement <u>anytime during the next five (5) years</u>.

Furnace older than 13 yrs A/C unit older than 13 years Smoke detector over 5 years old

* Items listed in this report may inadvertently have been left off the Summary Sheet. Customer should read the entire report, including the Remarks.

DEFINITIONS

SATISFACTORY (Sat.) - Indicates the component is functionally consistent with its original purpose but may show signs of normal wear and tear and deterioration.

MARGINAL(Marg.) - Indicates the component will probably require repair or replacement anytime within five years.

POOR - Indicates the component will need repair or replacement now or in the very near future.

MAJOR CONCERNS - A system or component that is considered significantly deficient or is unsafe.

SAFETY HAZARD - Denotes a condition that is unsafe and in need of prompt attention.

	GROUNDS								
Service Walks		☑ None		□ Public side	walk needs	repair			
	□ Concrete	□ Flagstone		□ Brick		Other			
Condition:	□ Satisfactory	Marginal		□ Poor		🗆 Trip Hazard			
	□ Pitched towards hom	e \Box Settling crae	cks	\Box Not visible					
Driveway		□ None							
	☑ Concrete	Asphalt		□ Gravel		□ Other			
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal		□ Poor		□ Trip hazard			
	\Box Fill cracks and seal	\Box Pitched tow	ards home	□ Settling cracl	KS .	\Box Not visible			
Patio/Lanai		□ None							
		Flagstone	□ Brick	□ Kool-De	ck®	□ Other			
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	Marginal		Poor		🗆 Trip Hazard			
	\Box Pitched towards hom	e (See Remarks j	page)	□ Settling cracl	KS .	\Box Not visible			
Deck		☑ None	□ Wood						
	□ Treated	□ Painted/Stai	ined	🗆 Railing/balu	sters reco				
Condition:	□ Satisfactory	\Box Marginal		□ Poor		\Box Not visible			
Deck/Patio/Por	ch Covers	🗹 None	□ Earth	to wood contact	🗆 Moi	sture/insect damage			
Lacks:	□ Metal straps/bolts/na	ils	□ Improp	er attachment to	house				
Porch (covered	entrance)	🗹 None		🗆 Railing/bal	usters rec	ommended			
Support Pier:	□ Wood	□ Concrete		□ Other		□ Not visible			
Condition:	□ Satisfactory	🗆 Marginal		□ Poor					
Floor:	□ Satisfactory	□ Marginal		□ Poor		□ Safety Hazard			
Balcony (2nd f	loor platform)	🗹 None	□ Wood	□ Metal		□ Other			
Railing:	\Box Yes	□ No		🗆 Railing/balu	sters reco	mmended			
Condition:	□ Satisfactory	□ Marginal		□ Poor		□ Safety Hazard			
Stoops/Steps		□ None		Uneven rise	ers	🗆 Safety Hazard			
	☑ Concrete	□ Wood		☑ Other	🗆 Raili	ng recommended			
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	🗆 Marginal		□ Poor	C Reco	mmend baluster			
	□ Cracked	□ Settled		□ Damaged wo	od				
Fencing		□ None		□ Type:		☑ Not evaluated			
Landscaping At	fecting Foundation	(See Remarks p	nage)						
Negative grade at:		·	South	☑ Satisfactory					
	□ Recommend addition				window w	vells/covers			
	□ Trim back trees/shrul			\Box Wood in con					
	□ Yard drains observed	l - not tested		\Box N/A					
Retaining Wall		□ Yes		⊠ No					
U	□ Concrete	□ Wood		□ Other	🗆 Safet	y Hazard			
Visual Condition:		□ Marginal		□ Poor					
Hose Bibs		☑ Yes		□ No	□ No :	anti-siphon valve			
Operates:	□ Yes	□ No		☑ Not tested	□ Not o	-			
General Comm	nents								
		<u>i</u>							

Fencing is not part of a home inspection. General site drainage was properly sloping away from the house. Maintain a positive drainage slope away from the foundation.

ROOF COVERING

General Inforn	nation						
Roof Visibility		All					
.							
Inspected From	n	Ground with b	oinoculars				
Style of Roof							
	oination:	I I Hip	□ Mansard	\Box Shed \Box I	Flat D Other	•	
	oination: D Low	□ Medium	🗹 Steep	□ Flat			
Roof Covering							
Type: Asphalt	Estimated Lay	ers: 1 layer	Approx	imate age of cover:	1 to 5 yrs		
Ventilation Sys	stem						
Combination:	☑ Soffit	□ Ridge		□ Gable	🗹 Roof		
	□ Powered	\Box Eaves		□ Other			
Flashing Mate							
Combination: Z Galv./Aluminum		\Box Asphalt	🗆 Lea	d 🗆 Rubb	er 🗆 Not v	□ Not visible	
_	□ Copper	□ Other					
Valley Materia							
Combination:	☑ Galv./Aluminum	☑ Asphalt □ Other		□ Copper	\Box N/A		
	\Box Not visible						
	dition of the Following a						
Roof Covering	Curling	☑ Satisfac □ Cupping	tory	□ Marginal □ Missing tabs/sh	Poo Poo	r	
Condition.	\Box Moss Buildup	□ Cupping □ Nail Pop	ninσ	\Box Ponding		Burn Spots	
	Exposed Felt	□ Other	5			opous	
Ventilation		(See Rema	arks page)	(See Attic page)	1		
Flashings	□ Rusted	□ Not visi	ble 🗹 Sealing	atisfactory □ □ Pulled away fro	U] Poor	
			0	-			
Valleys		Satisfac	tory	\Box Marginal	D Poo	r	
	□ Not visible □ Holes	□ N/A □ Recomm	end Sealing	□ Rusted			
			0				
Skylights		\Box Yes	☑ No	□ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	
Plumbing Ven	ts	☑ Yes	□ No	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	
General Com	nents						

Roof covering appeared in overall satisfactory condition at the time of the inspection.

Subject Property: 62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario

C	HIMNEY /	GUTTE	RS /	SIDING /	TRIM
Chimney(s)		□ None	Location	(s):	
Viewed from:	□ Roof	□ Ladder at	eaves	Ground w/bino	
Chase:	\Box Brick \Box Stone	□ Metal	🗆 Fran		□ Stucco
		icked chimney c		e mortar joints	\Box Loose brick
		les in metal	🗆 Rust		
Flue:	\Box Tile \Box Me		□ Unlined	🗆 Not visil	
	Evidence of: \Box Sca	0	□ Cracks	\Box Creosote	
_		ve flue(s) cleaned			lated (See Remarks page)
□ Recommend c	cricket/saddle flashing		□ Spark arr	estor/rain cap recon	nmended
Gutters & Dow	Inspouts	□ None	(See Ren	narks page)	
□ Insides need t	o be cleaned	Ponding			
	☑ Galvanized/Alum.	□ Copper		Vinyl	□ Other
Condition:	✓ Satisfactory	🗆 Marginal		□ Poor	□ Rusting
	□ Hole in main run		Leaking:	\Box Corners	□ Joints
Extension needed:	□ North	\Box South		□ East	□ West
Siding					
Material:	Brick				
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	🗆 Recomn	nend repair/painting
Window Frame	es				
Material:	Vinyl				
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal		□ Poor	
	□ Recommend painting	9	🗆 Dam	aged wood	
Trim, Soffit, Fa	ascia				
Trim Material:	Metal	Condition: Sa	atisfactory		
Soffit Material:	Metal	Condition: Sa	atisfactory		
Fascia Material:	Metal	Condition: Sa	atisfactory		
Caulking					
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal		□ Poor	
	□ Recommend around		masonry led		enetrations
General Comn	nents				

Gutters were in overall adequate condition. Siding appeared to be in overall adequate condition. Trim appeared to be intact and in overall maintained condition.

Subject Property: 62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario

EXTERIOR / ELECTRICAL / AC / GARAGE

Exterior Wall C	construction						
Construction Style	: Wood frame	2 Satisf	factory 🗆 Ma	rginal	🗆 Poor		
Exterior Doors			🗹 Entranc	e (1);	Storm (2);	Patio (3)	
Weather stripping:	🗹 Satisfactory		🗆 Marginal		□ P	oor	
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Marginal		□ P	oor	
Exterior Electri	Exterior Electrical Service						
	□ Overhead	🗹 Uno	derground	Servic	e drop:	□ Satisfactory	\Box Needs service
Exterior outlets:	☑ Yes	□ No		Opera		🗹 Yes	\Box No
GFCI protected:		□ No		Opera		🗹 Yes	\Box No
Reverse polarity:		🗹 No			ground:	\Box Yes	🗹 No
Overhead wires:					ny/deck/wi	ndow 🗆 Extensio	on cord/exposed Romex
Potential safety	hazard:	\Box Yes	3	🗹 No	(See	e Remarks page)	
A/C Condenser/	Heat Pump		□ None A	Approxi	mate age: 1	5 to 20 yrs	
#1 Brand: Lenno)X						Shutoff: Yes
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Ma	rginal 🛛	Poor	□ Ruste	d/dirty Level	: ☑ Yes □ No
Garage							
Garage Type:	Attached		ge Size: Doub	le Car			
Automatic open		-	tional: Yes			_	
Safety reverse: I		□ No	Operates:			Needs adjusting	□Safety Hazard
Electric sensor:		□ No	Operates:	☑ Yes	□ No □		□Safety Hazard
Roofing:	\square Same as house	;	Condition:		☑ Satisfa		
Gutters:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Marginal		□ P		□ None
Siding:	Same as house	•	\square Wood			Ietal	□ Vinyl
	□ Stucco		□ Masonry		\Box S		□ Fiberboard
Trim:	Same as house	•	\square Wood			luminum	□ Vinyl
Floor:	☑ Concrete		□ Gravel			sphalt	□ Dirt
	Burners less than 4				ÍN/A □Y		Safety hazard
	Condition:		isfactory		oical cracks		
Overhead door:			isfactory	🗆 Ma			epair, replace, paint
Service door:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Ma		🗆 Poc		□ None	
Sill plates:	□ Elevated	🗆 Flo	or level	🗆 Bot		🗹 Not visible	□ Rotted
Electricity prese		□ No	GFCI Prot			☑ No Operate	
	Reverse polarity/o	pen gro			ety Hazard	I 🗆 No 🗹 Ha	ndyman/ext. cord wiring
Firewall:	(Between garage			N/A	⊠ P	resent $\Box M$	issing 🛛 Damaged
Fire door:	\Box Not verifiable			🗆 Nee	eds repair	□ Satisfactory	
Auto closure:	\Box N/A	□ Sati	isfactory		□ Inopera	ative 🗹 Missin	g □ Needs repair
General Comm	nents						

Doors were reviewed and found to be in working order. Lights appeared to be in normal condition: not all lights were tested. Exterior outlets tested were in normal working order. There is some handyman/homeowner improper and extension cord wiring present in the garage, recommend review and correction as necessary by a qualified electrician. Garage entry door is not a fire rated door (glass insert present). An auto closer is required for the garage entry door.

Countertops			☑ Satis	factory [□ Marginal		D Poor	r
Cabinets								
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory		🗆 Margi	nal 🛛	l Poor		ommend n	repairs
Plumbing Con	nments							
Faucet leaks:	□ Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak/corroded	d: 🗆 Yes		☑ No	
Drainage:	🗹 Adequate	□ Poo	or	Water pressure:	🗹 Adequa	te	□ Poor	
Walls & Ceiling	9							
Condition	☑ Satisfactory	□ Ma	rginal	□ Poor	□ Typical	cracks	🗆 Moist	ture stains
Heat Source P	resent		🗹 Yes	□ No				
Floor								
Condition	Satisfactory	□ Ma	rginal	□ Poor	□ Sloping		🗆 Squea	aks
Appliances			(See Re	emarks page)				
Dishwasher:	☑ Yes	□ No		Operates:	☑ Yes		□ No	\Box N/A
Range:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No		Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	\Box N/A
Oven:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No		Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	\Box N/A
Exhaust fan:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No		Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	\Box N/A
Refrigerator:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No		Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	\Box N/A
Other:	□ Yes	□ No		Operates:	\Box Yes		□ No	\Box N/A
Electrical								
Outlets present:	🗹 Yes	□ No		Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	
GFCI protected:	□ Yes	🗹 No		Operates:	\Box Yes		🗆 No (F	Remarks)
-	erse polarity with	in 1 me	ter of water:	Yes 🗆 Safe	ety Hazard 🗹	No		,
General Com	nents:							

KITCHEN

Counter top has normal wear. Cabinets have normal wear. Water flow was normal with several fixtures operated at the same time. There were no visible active piping leaks at the time of the inspection. Drain lines had no visible leaks or signs of backup at the time of inspection. Outlets were randomly tested and had correct polarity, except as noted.

LAUNDRY

Room Components					
Laundry sink:	\Box N/A	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes \blacksquare No	D Pipe leaks:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Cross connections:	\Box Yes	☑ None apparent	Heat source pres	sent: 🗹 Yes	□ No
Room appears vented:	🗹 Yes	□ No	□ Not visible		
Dryer vented:	\Box N/A	🗹 Wall	□ Ceiling	\Box Not vented	
Electrical: Open ground	/reverse pola	rity within 1 meter of w	/ater: □Yes [□ Safety Hazard	🗹 No
Appliances present:	🗹 Washer	Dryer	□ Water heater	□ Furnace	□ Other
Gas pipe:	⊠ N/A	Valve shutoff:	\Box Yes \Box No	\Box Cap Needed	□ Safety Hazard
General Comments					

At the time of the inspection the laundry facilities were in satisfactory condition.

BATHROOMS									
Bath: Master Bedroom									
Sinks	Faucet leaks:	□ Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No			
Tubs	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No			
Showers	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No			
Toilet:	Bowl loose	□ Yes	🗹 No	<i>Operates</i> : 🗹 Yes	□ No □ Cracked b	owl 🛛 Toilet leaks			
Whirlpool:		\Box Yes	🗹 No	<i>Operates</i> : \Box Yes	□ No				
Shower/Tub area	:	🗹 Cerami	c/Plastic	☐ Fiberglass	□ Masonite	□ Other			
	Condition:	☑ Satisfac	ctory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	□ Rotted floors			
	Caulk/Grouting	needed:	□ Yes	⊠ No	Where:				
Drainage:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Margin	al	□ Poor				
Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Marginal		□ Poor				
Moisture stains p	oresent: 🗆 Yes	□ Walls	☑ Ceiling	s 🗆 No					
Outlets present:	☑ Yes □	No C	GFCI protec	ted: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No	Operates: 🗹 Y	es 🗆 No			
	Open ground/rev	erse polarit	y within 1 i	neter of water:	🗆 Yes 🛛 No				
	Potential safety	hazards p	resent:	\Box Yes \Box No (See	e Remarks page)				
Heat source press	ent: 🗹	Yes		□ No					
Exhaust fan:	\blacksquare Yes \Box	No C	Operates:	☑ Yes	\Box No \Box Nois	у			
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ Marg.	□ Poor □	Cracked g	glass 🗆 None 🗆 Ev	idence of leaking in	sulated glass			
Door:	☑ Sat. □ Marg.	□ Poor □	☐ Holes □	Does not latch \Box H	Iardware broken □] None			
General Comm	nents								

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted. There is a small old water mark on the ceiling above the shower, thermal imaging scans and moisture meter reading at the time of the inspection confirmed the water mark is old with no moisture present.

Bath: Second	loor					
Sinks	Faucet leaks:	□ Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Tubs	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Showers	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Toilet:	Bowl loose	\Box Yes	🗹 No	<i>Operates</i> : 🗹 Yes	\Box No \Box Cracked b	owl 🛛 Toilet leaks
Whirlpool:		□ Yes	🗹 No	<i>Operates</i> : \Box Yes	□ No	
Shower/Tub area	:	🗹 Cera	mic/Plastic	□ Fiberglass	□ Masonite	□ Other
	Condition:	🗹 Satis	factory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	□ Rotted floors
	Caulk/Grouting n	needed:	\Box Yes	🗹 No	Where:	
Drainage:	☑ Satisfactory		🗆 Margin	al	□ Poor	
Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory		0	\Box Marginal \Box Poor		
Moisture stains p	resent: 🗆 Yes	□ Wall	s 🛛 Ceiling	s 🗹 No		
Outlets present:	⊠ Yes □	No	GFCI protec	ted: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No	Operates: 🗹 Y	Yes □ No
	Open ground/rev	erse pola	rity within 1 r	neter of water:	🗆 Yes 🛛 No	
	Potential safety	hazards	present:	\Box Yes \blacksquare No (Se	e Remarks page)	
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹	Yes		🗆 No		
Exhaust fan:		No	Operates:	☑ Yes	\Box No \Box Nois	
Windows:					idence of leaking ins	
Door:	\square Sat. \square Marg.	□ Poor	\Box Holes \Box	Does not latch \Box H	Hardware broken □] None
General Comm	nents					

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted.

Bath: Main floo	or									
Sinks	Faucet 1	eaks:	□ Yes	🗹 No			Pipes leal	c :	□ Yes	🗹 No
Toilet:	Bowl lo	ose	□ Yes	🗹 No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No □	Cracked be	owl 🗆 To	oilet leaks
Drainage:	☑ Satist	factory		🗆 Margina	al		□ Poor			
Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory			🗆 Margina	al		□ Poor			
Moisture stains p	resent:	\Box Yes	□ Walls	\Box Ceilings	s 🗹 No					
Outlets present:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No	GFCI pr	otected:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No	Operates :	:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No
	Open gr	ound/rev	erse polai	rity within 6'	of water:	□ Yes	🗹 No			
	Potentia	al safety	hazards j	present:	□ Yes	🗹 No	(See Rem	arks page	e)	
Heat source prese	ent:		🗹 Yes		🗆 No					
Exhaust fan:	🗹 Yes		No	Operates:	🗹 Yes		🗆 No	🗆 Noisy	1	
Windows:	🗆 Sat.	□ Marg.	□ Poor	□ Cracked g	lass 🗹 Nor	ne 🗆 Evio	dence of le	aking insu	ilated gla	SS
Door:	☑ Sat.	□ Marg.	□ Poor		Does not la	itch 🗆 H	Iardware b	roken 🛛	None	
General Comm	nents									

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted.

Bath: Baseme	nt					
Sinks	Faucet leaks:	□ Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Showers	Faucet leaks:	\Box Yes	🗹 No		Pipes leak:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No
Toilet:	Bowl loose	\Box Yes	🗹 No	<i>Operates</i> : 🗹 Yes	\Box No \Box Cracked b	owl 🛛 Toilet leaks
Shower area:	Ceramic/Plast	ic	□ Fibergla	ass	□ Masonite	□ Other
	Condition:	☑ Satisfac	ctory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	□ Rotted floors
	Caulk/Grouting	needed:	\Box Yes	☑ No	Where:	
Drainage:	☑ Satisfactory		□ Margin	al	□ Poor	
Water flow: Satisfactory			□ Margin	al	□ Poor	
Moisture stains p	resent: 🗆 Yes	□ Walls	□ Ceiling	s 🗹 No		
Outlets present:	⊠ Yes □	No C	FCI protec	ted: 🗹 Yes 🗆 No	o Operates: 🗹 Y	′es □No
	Open ground/rev	erse polarit	y within 1 r	neter of water:	🗆 Yes 🛛 No	
	Potential safety	hazards pr	esent:	\Box Yes \blacksquare No (Sec.	e Remarks page)	
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹	Yes		□ No		
Exhaust fan:	\blacksquare Yes \Box	No C	perates:	☑ Yes	\Box No \Box Nois	у
Windows:	\Box Sat. \Box Marg.	□ Poor □	Cracked g	lass 🗹 None 🗆 Ev	idence of leaking ins	sulated glass
Door:	\square Sat. \square Marg.	□ Poor □	Holes	Does not latch \Box	Hardware broken	l None
General Comm	nents					

At the time of the inspection, the bathroom and its components were found to be in satisfactory condition except as noted.

INTERIOR ROOMS

MASTER	BEDROOM
	DEDICOOM

Location: Seco	nd floor								
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory			arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Hole		□ Holes	
	Moisture stains:		\Box Ye	\Box Yes		🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory		\Box M	arginal		□ Poor	□ Squeaks		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	🗹 N/A	/A		tisfactory		□ Marginal	□ Poor		
Electrical:	Switches:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No
	Open grou	nd/reverse	polarity:	□Yes	🗆 Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	ers missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹	Yes 🛛	Not visible						
Windows:	🗹 Sat. 🛛	Marg. 🗆	Poor 🗆 Cra	cked glass	□ None l	□ Evidence of	leaking insu	lated glas	SS
Door:	🗹 Sat. 🛛	Marg. 🗆	Poor 🗆 Ho	les 🗆 Does	s not latch	1 🛛 Hardware	e broken 🛛	None	
Closet Doors:									
General Comm	nents:								

At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

BEDROOM #2

Location: Seco	nd floor								
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory			arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Holes		□ Holes	
-	Moisture stains:		\Box Ye	\Box Yes		🗹 No			
Flooring:	✓ Satisfactory		\Box M	arginal		□ Poor	□ Squeaks □		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	☑ N/A		\Box Sa	tisfactory		□ Marginal		□ Poor	
Electrical:	Switches:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open grou	nd/reverse	polarity:	□ Yes	□ Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	rs missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹	Yes 🛛	Not visible						
Windows:	🗹 Sat. 🛛	Marg. 🛛	Poor 🗆 Cra	acked glass	□ None	□ Evidence of	leaking insu	lated glas	38
Door:	🗹 Sat. 🛛	Marg. 🛛	Poor 🗆 Ho	les 🛛 Does	s not latch	n 🛛 Hardware	broken 🛛	None	
Closet Doors: \square Sat. \square Marg. \square Poor \square Holes \square Missing \square Tracks broken \square None									
General Comments:									

At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

BEDROOM #3

Location: Second floor									
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory		□ M	arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Hole		□ Holes	
-	Moisture stains:		\Box Ye	□ Yes		🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory		\Box M	□ Marginal		□ Poor	\Box Squeaks \Box		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	⊠ N/A		🗆 Sa	□ Satisfactory		□ Marginal	□ Poor		
Electrical:	Switches:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open groun		e polarity:		□ Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	ers missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹	Yes 🛛	Not visible						
Windows:	⊠ Sat. □	Marg. 🛛	Poor Cr	acked glass	□ None	□ Evidence of	f leaking insu	ulated gla	iss
Door:	⊠ Sat. □	Marg. 🛛	Poor 🗆 He	oles 🛛 Doe	es not late	h 🛛 Hardwar	e broken 🛛	l None	
Closet Doors:	Closet Doors: \square Sat. \square Marg. \square Poor \square Holes \square Missing \square Tracks broken \square None								
General Comments:									

Location: Seco	nd floor									
Walls & Ceiling:	lls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory			arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Ho		□ Holes	
	Moisture stains:		□ Yes		🗹 No					
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory		\Box M	arginal		□ Poor	□ Squeaks		□ Slopes	
Ceiling fan:	☑ N/A			🗆 Sa	tisfactory		□ Marginal		□ Poor	
Electrical:	Switches	s: 🗹	Yes 🗆	No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open gr	ound/re	everse p	olarity:	\Box Yes	🗆 Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	ers missing
Heat source prese	ent: [☑ Yes	\Box No	ot visible						
Windows:	🗹 Sat. 1	🗆 Marg	g. 🗆 Po	or \Box Cr	acked glass	\Box None	□ Evidence of	leaking insu	ulated gla	iss
Door:	🗹 Sat. 1	🗆 Marg	g. 🗆 Po	or 🗆 Ho	oles Does	not latch	1 🛛 Hardware	broken 🛛	None	
Closet Doors:	☑ Sat.	□ Mar	g. 🗆 Po	or 🗆 Ho	oles 🗆 Mis	sing 🗆 T	Tracks broken	□ None		
General Comm	nents:									

LIVING ROO	M							
Location: First	floor							
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory			arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical (Cracks	□ Holes
	Moisture stains:	□ Ye	s		🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Ma	arginal		□ Poor	□ Squeaks		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	⊠ N/A	🗆 Sat	tisfactory		□ Marginal		\Box Poor	
Electrical:	Switches: Zes] No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open ground/reverse p	olarity:	\Box Yes	🗆 Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	rs missing
Heat source press	ent: 🗹 Yes 🗆 Not y	visible						
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ Marg. □ I	Poor 🗆 Cra	acked glass	🗆 Evide	ence of leaking	insulated gla	ass	
Door:	\Box Sat. \Box Marg. \Box H	Poor □ Ho	oles 🗆 Does	s not latcl	h 🗆 Hardwar	e broken 🗹	None	
General Comm	nents:							

At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

EATING AREA

Location: First	floor							
Walls & Ceiling: ☑ Satisfactory			rginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks		□ Holes
	Moisture stains:		□ Yes		🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Ma	rginal	□ Poor		□ Squeaks		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	☑ N/A	🗆 Sat	tisfactory		□ Marginal		□ Poor	
Electrical:	Switches: Yes] No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open ground/reverse p	olarity:	□Yes	🗆 Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	rs missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹 Yes 🛛 Not v	isible						
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ Marg. □ P	oor 🗆 Cr	acked glass	□ Evid	ence of leaking	g insulated gl	lass	
Door:								
General Comm	ents:							

At the time of the inspection the room was found to be in overall satisfactory condition.

FAMILY ROOM

Location: First	floor							
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory		□ Margin	nal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Hole		□ Holes
	Moisture stains:	□ Yes			🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory	🗆 Margin	nal		□ Poor	□ Squeaks		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	⊠ N/A	□ Satisfa	ctory		□ Marginal		\Box Poor	
Electrical:	Switches: ☑ Yes □	No Ou	itlets:	Yes	🗆 No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	🗆 No
	Open ground/reverse po	larity: □Y	rity: 🗆 Yes 🗆 Safety Hazard		🗹 No	\Box Cover	rs missing	
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹 Yes 🛛 Not vi	sible						
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ Marg. □ Po	or 🛛 Cracke	ed glass □	Evide	ence of leaking	insulated gl	lass	
Door:	Door: \Box Sat. \Box Marg. \Box Poor \Box Holes \Box Does not latch \Box Hardware broken \Box None							
General Comments:								

REC ROOM								
Location: Base	ment							
Walls & Ceiling: 🗹 Satisfactory			arginal		□ Poor	□ Typical Cracks □ Holes		□ Holes
	Moisture stains:	🗆 Ye	es		🗹 No			
Flooring:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Ma	□ Marginal		□ Poor	\Box Squeaks \Box Slop		□ Slopes
Ceiling fan:	⊠ N/A	🗆 Sa	tisfactory		□ Marginal		□ Poor	
Electrical:	Switches: 🗹 Yes	🗆 No	Outlets:	🗹 Yes	□ No	Operates:	🗹 Yes	□ No
	Open ground/reverse	polarity:	□Yes	□ Safet	y Hazard	🗹 No	\Box Cove	ers missing
Heat source prese	ent: 🗹 Yes 🛛 Not	visible						
Windows:	☑ Sat. □ Marg. □	Poor Cra	acked glass	🗆 Evide	ence of leaking	insulated gl	ass	
Door:	□ Sat. □ Marg. □	Poor 🗆 He	oles 🗆 Doe	es not late	h □ Hardwa	re broken	2 None	
General Comn	nents:							

WINDOWS / FIREPLACES / ATTIC

Interior Windows/Gla	SS					
General condition:	☑ Satisfactor		ginal	□ Poor	□ Painted sl	hut
□ Hardware missing	□ Glazing cor	mpound needed	□ Crack	ted glass [□ Broken counter-bal	ance mech.
□ Surface deterioration	: (See Remark	s page)	🗹 Repre	esentative nun	nber of windows operation	ated
Evidence of leaking ins	sulated glass:	🗆 Yes 🛛 🗹	Í No	□ Not determ	ninable 🛛 N/A	
Safety glazing:	🗹 N/A	□ Safety issu		Where:		
Security bars present:	\Box Yes	⊠ No □	Not tested	□ Test releas	se mechanism before i	noving in
Fireplace		□None	Location(s)	: Family roor	n	
🗹 Gas	\Box Wood	□ Wood bur	ier stove (So	ee Remarks p	page)	
Masonry ins	ert 🛛 Metal inser	t 🗆 M	etal	□ Electric		
□ Blower built-	1			Damper of		per missing
□ Open joints or cracks		be sealed			ated panels damaged/	
Hearth: Satisfactory		□ No		Mantle:	l Satisfactory 🗆 Loos	e
□ Recommend having	flue cleaned and r	e-examined		\Box Vent less	☑ Direct Vent	
Stairs		☑ Satisfacto	ry	□ Marginal	l 🛛 Poor	□ None
Handrail:	☑ Satisfactor			□ Poor	🗆 Safety Hazaro	1
Risers/Treads:	\square Satisfactor	y □ Mar	ginal	□ Poor	\Box Risers/treads	uneven
Smoke/CO Detectors		(See Remar	ks page)			
Note: Working smoke detecto areas. Battery operated detect every 5 yrs and most hardwire	tors should be tested mo	nthly and batteries	changed semi a	unnually. Most b		
Attic						
Access: Access panel	Access Location:		t Inspec	cted from: Ac	cess panel	
	Complete	□ Partial		☑ None		_
Insulation: Type: Fibe		Average thick			R Rating: R32 Standa	rd
	alled in: ☑ Floo			□ Walls	□ Not Visible	
	Present 🗆 Not	tested 11	ermostat coi	ntrolled $\Box S$	afety Hazard	
	sfactory					
	oden trusses					
	wood					. 1
Roof Sheathing Condition						
	lic: Li res № No	Outside: M			\square N/A (See Rema	rks page)
Chimney chase:	wade 🗆 Vac	⊠ No □ Se	a commonte	halow		
Structural problems observations Vapour barriers:	erved:	\square Improperly	e comments	DelUw		
	Kraft faced	☐ Improperty ☑ Plastic		marks page)		
	Open junction box(e		andyman wir		□ Visible knob-a	and-tube
General Comments			-	-		

Trusses showed no major defects or damage at the time of inspection. Roof sheathing, examined from the attic, showed no major defects or moisture damage. There is a small amount of staining and possible surface mould present in a section of the attic above the master bathroom, if necessary, the surface staining can be cleaned with an approved antimicrobial cleaner. Insulation was sufficient for homes in this area. Ventilation was normal. Vapour barrier not visible. Gas fireplace would not start, service accordingly.



(See Remarks page)

Stairs					
Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Marginal	□ Poor	🗆 Safety Haz	ard
Handrail: 🗹 Yes	□ No Condition:		Marginal	□ Poor	
Headway over stairs:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	D Poor		
Under carriage:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Marginal	□ Poor	\Box Not visible	
Foundation					
Wall Material:	Poured Concrete				
Condition:	Satisfactory				
Foundation Cracks:	\Box Yes \blacksquare None V	isible Visib	ole from: 🗆 Exten	rior 🛛 Interior	
Movement apparent:	🗆 Yes 🗹 No				
Partially/Covered walls:	☑ Yes □ No				
	Condition reported	l above reflects <u>visi</u> l	ole portion only		
Floor		(See vapour bar	nion nomoniza)		
Material:	Concrete	(See vapour bar	rier remarks)		
Condition:	Satisfactory				
	Satisfactory				
Seismic Bolts		Not applicable			
Basement Drainage					
Indication of moisture:	No				
Sump Pump:	-	Imp Operates: Not a	pplicable		
Floor drain(s) present:	Yes				
Drain Tile (See Remarks	page)	Palmer valve present	□ Not Visible	e (See Remar	ks page)
Girders (1), Columns (2)		N/A			
	□ Steel		□ Block	□ Concrete	☑ Not visible
Condition:	\Box Satisfactory	\square Marginal	\square Poor	□ Stained/rus	
Joists /Trusses		_			
\square Joist \square Trusses	□ I-Joist	□ Steel	☑ Wood	□Concrete	\Box Not visible
	$\Box 2x6$	☑ 2x8	$\Box 2x10$	$\Box 2x12$	
Sub Floor					
	□ Indication of moi	ē			
	** Areas around	shower stalls, etc., as	s viewed from bas	sement or crawl	space
General Comments					
	1				

Foundation appeared to be in overall satisfactory condition. Foundation walls were covered/partially covered with paneling/drywall/insulation and were not visible. No representation can be made to the conditions of the covered/partially covered walls. Floor appeared to be in overall satisfactory condition. No active seepage visible at the time of the inspection. No representation can be made to future leaking of the basement walls.

		PLUME	BING			
Water Service	Shut off location: Basement					
Water entry piping: Co	opper Water	lines: Copper				
	Lead (other than	solder joints):	🗆 Yes 🗹 No	□ Service entry	Unknown	
	Water flow:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Poor	Cross connection:	\Box Yes \Box No	
	Water pressure:		\square Satisfactory \square Poor \square Above 80 psi (Needs evaluation)	
	Pipes: Corroc	led 🛛 Leaking	□ Valves broken/missing □ Dissimilar metal			
Drain/waste/vent pipe:	Plastic					
	Condition:	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	□ Poor	□ Not visible	
	Waste discharge:	☑ Satisfactory	\Box Slow drain			
Gas Lines	□ Not visib		□ Shutoff missing			
	□ Copper	□ Brass	☑ Black iron	□ Stainless steel	\Box CSST	
Water Heater						
Brand name: Giant						
Energy Source: Gas Approx. age:3 yrs		yrs		Capacity: 50 gallo	n	
Rental Unit: Yes						
Relief valve:	☑ Yes □ No	Extension pr	oper: 🗹 Yes	□ No □ Missi	ing	
Vent pipe:	\square N/A \square Satisfactory \square Improper pitch \square Rusted \square Safety Hazard					
Water Softener	Water Softener (Unit not evaluated)					
	□Yes ☑ No	\square No Plumbing hooked up: \square Yes \square No				
General Comments						

Overall the plumbing system, faucets, water pressure and drain rates were found to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspections.

	HI	EATIN	G SYSTE	Μ		
Fuel Shutoff for Building Main f		Main fuel s	el shutoff location: Outside at gas meter			
Forced Air System		☑ Central Unit □ Wall		ll Furnace	□ Floor Furnace	
	Brand name: Le	nnox		Approximat	te age: 15 to 20 yrs	
Energy source:	Gas Furna	ce Efficiency:	High Efficiency			
Hot air systems:	Direct drive					
Heat exchanger:	Sealed unit, not visible	View is ex	stremely limited - Sec	e Remarks page	e about options	
Distribution:	Metal Ducts	Flue pipin	g: Plastic			
Filter: Standard	Filter Condition: Sa	tisfactory				
Operated:	When turned on	by thermostat	: 🗹 Fired	□ Did not f	ire	
Operation:	Satisfactory:	Yes 🗆 No	□ Recommend HVA	C technician exa	mine 🗆 Before closing	
Controls:	□ Disconnect		☑ Normal operating	and safety contr	ols observed	
Heat pump:	\Box Aux. Elec.	🗆 Aux. Gas	\Box Aux. geothermal	☑ N/A		
	Emergency heat	ested:	\Box Yes \Box No	☑ N/A		
Others		☑ N/A				
	□ Electric baseb	oard	□ Radiant ceiling cabl	e 🛛 Gas space	e heater	
	□ Radiant in floor	heating	□ Wood burning sto	ve (See Remar	ks page)	
General Comm	nents					

Furnace was in normal working order at the time of the inspection. Heat exchanger had limited visibility due to its high-efficiency design. Flue was drafting properly at the time of the inspection. Filter should be changed /cleaned on regular bases. Unit is aging and approaching the end of its normal life expectancy, recommend budgeting for replacement of the unit within the next 5 years.

COOLING SYSTEM

System Components	□ None			Approximate age: 15 to 20 yrs		
Energy source: Electric	Central air: Air C	Cooled				
Operated: No	Operation: Not op	perated				
Refrigerant lines:	□ Leak	🗆 Damag	□ Damaged		on missing	☑ Satisfactory
Through wall unit(s):	☑ N/A	Operated:	\Box Yes	🗆 No	□ Satisfactory	\Box Needs service
General Comments						

A/C was not operated due to the outside temperature being too cold. Unit is aging and approaching the end of its normal life expectancy, recommend budgeting for replacement of the unit within the next 5 years.

ELECTRICAL						
Main Panel		Location: Basement				
	Amps: 200 ampsVolts: 120/240 voltsPanel Type: Breakers					
Appears grounded:	☑ Yes □ No	GFCI present:	🗆 Yes 🛛 No	Operates:	\Box Yes \Box No	
Main Wire:	Not visible					
Branch Wire:	Copper					
	🗹 Romex	□ BX cable	□ Conduit		□ Knob & tube	
	□ Multiple tappin	g 🛛 Branch wires un	dersized D Fed	eral Pacific pa	nel (see Remarks)	
	□ Multiple tapping of main disconnect □ Safety Hazard					
	\Box Arc fault present <i>Operates</i> : \Box Yes \Box No \Box N/A (see Remarks)					
□ Panel not accessible □ Not evaluated Reason:						
Electrical Fixtures						
A representative number	er of installed light	ing fixtures, switches,	and receptacles loca	ated inside the l	house, garage, and	
exterior walls were test	•	•	Ĩ			
	☑ Satisfactory	□ Marginal	□ Poor			
	□ Open grounds	□ Reverse polarity	GFCIs not oper	ating 🗖 Ungrou	unded 3-prong outlets	
□ Solid conductor aluminum branch wiring circuits (See Remarks page)						
□ Recommend a licensed electrician evaluate the service						
General Comments:						

Panel size appeared to be compatible to service size. Branch breaker distribution appeared normal. No signs of overheating were evident at the time of the inspection. Outlets were randomly tested and had correct polarity, except as noted.

PHOTOS



Pic. 1: Front view



Pic. 5: Pool



Pic. 9: Garage



Pic. 13: Attic







Pic. 10: Handyman / extension cord wiring needs review and correction

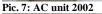


Pic. 14: Attic



Pic. 3: Roof covering







Pic. 11: Proper fire rated entry door for garage recommended



Pic. 15: Small amount of staining on sheathing, clean accordingly iof necessary



Pic. 4: Back view

Pic. 8: Garage

Pic. 16: Master bedroom



Pic. 17: Master bath





Pic. 18: Master bath



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shower in master bathroom





Pic. 20: Bed 2



Subject Property: 62 Bestview Cres, Vaughan, Ontario Pic. 21: Bed 3 Pic. 22: Bed 4



Pic. 25: Living room



Pic. 29: Kitchen



Pic. 33: Rec room



Pic. 37: Rental hot water tank 2016



Pic. 26: Family room, gas fireplace needs service



Pic. 30: Kitchen



Pic. 34: Rec room



Pic. 38: High efficiency gas furnace 2002

Pic. 23: 2nd floor bath



Pic. 27: Eating area



Pic. 31: Powder room



Pic. 35: Basement bath



Pic. 39: 200 amp breaker panel

Pic. 24: 2nd floor bath

Pic. 28: Kitchen



Pic. 32: Laundry



Pic. 36: Basement bath



Pic. 40: Water main

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GENERAL REMARKS

List below are general remarks about the different areas and components of a home. These remarks are for general information purposes only and some of the information provided may not be specific to the home inspected.

GROUNDS REMARKS

Service Walks/Driveways

Spalling concrete cannot be patched with concrete because the new will not bond with the old. Water will freeze between the two layers, or the concrete will break up from movement or wear. Replacement of the damaged section is recommended. Walks or driveways that are close to the property should be properly pitched away to direct water away from the foundation. Asphalt driveways should be kept sealed and larger cracks filled so as to prevent damage from frost.

Patios that have settled towards the structure should be mudjacked or replaced to assure proper pitch. Improperly pitched patios are one source of wet basements.

Exterior Wood Surfaces

All surfaces of untreated wood need regular applications of paint or special chemicals to resist damage. Porch or deck columns and fence posts which are buried in the ground and made of untreated wood will become damaged within a year or two.

Decks should always be nailed with galvanized or aluminium nails. Decks that are not painted or stained should be treated with a water sealer.

Grading and Drainage

Any system of grading or landscaping that creates positive drainage (moving water away from the foundation walls) will help to keep a basement dry. Where negative grade exists and additional backfill is suggested, it may require digging out around the property to get a proper pitch. Dirt shall be approximately 15 cm below the bottom sill and should not touch wood surfaces.

Flower beds, loose mulched areas, railroad ties and other such landscaping items close to the foundation trap moisture and contribute to wet basements. To establish a positive grade, a proper slope away from the house is 2.5 cm per meter for approximately 1.5 to 2 meters. Recommend ground cover planting or grass to foundation.

Roof and Surface Water Control

Roof and surface water must be controlled to maintain a dry basement. This means keeping gutters cleaned out and aligned, extending downspouts, installing splash blocks, and building up the grade so that roof and surface water is diverted away from the building.

Window Wells

The amount of water which enters a window well from falling rain is generally slight, but water will accumulate in window wells if the yard is improperly graded. Plastic window well covers are useful in keeping out leaves and debris.

Retaining Walls

Retaining walls deteriorate because of excessive pressure build-up behind them, generally due to water accumulation. Often, conditions can be improved by excavating a trench behind the retaining wall and filling it with coarse gravel. Drain holes through the wall will then be able to relieve the water pressure.

Retaining walls sometime suffer from tree root pressure or from general movement of topsoil down the slope. Normally, these conditions require rebuilding the retaining wall.

Railings

It is recommended that railings be installed for any stairway over 3 steps and porches over 75 cm for safety reasons. Balusters for porches, balconies, and stairs should be close enough to assure children cannot squeeze through.

ROOF COVERING REMARKS

Valleys & Flashings

Valleys and flashings that are covered with shingles and/or tar or any other material are considered not visible and are not part of the inspection.

Stone Roofs - Coverings

This type of covering on a pitched roof requires ongoing annual maintenance. We recommend that a roofing contractor evaluate this type of roof. Infra-red photography is best used to determine areas of potential leaks.

Flat Roofs

Flat roofs are very vulnerable to leaking. It is very important to maintain proper drainage to prevent ponding of water. We recommend that a roofing contractor evaluate this type of roof.

ROOF TYPE	LIFE EXPECTANCY	SPECIAL REMARKS
Asphalt Shingles	15-20 years	Used on nearly 80% of all residential roofs; requires little maintenance
Asphalt Multi-Thickness Shingles*	20-30 years	Heavier and more durable than regular asphalt shingles
Asphalt Interlocking Shingles*	15-25 years	Especially good in high-wind areas
Asphalt Rolls	10 years	Used on low slope roofs
Built-up Roofing	10-20 years	Used on low slope roofs; 2 to 3 times as costly as asphalt shingles
Wood Shingles*	10-40 years ¹	Treat with preservative every 5 years to prevent decay
Clay Tiles* Cement Tiles*	20 + years 20 + years	Durable, fireproof, but not watertight, requiring a good subsurface base
Slate Shingles*	30-100 years ²	Extremely durable, but brittle and expensive
Asbestos Cement Shingles*	30-75 years	Durable, but brittle and difficult to repair
Metal Roofing	15-40 + years	Comes in sheets & shingles; should be well grounded for protection from lightning; certain metals must be painted
Single Ply Membrane	15-25 years (mfgr's claim)	New material; not yet passed test of time

* Not recommended for use on low slope roof ¹ Depending on local conditions and proper installation ² Depending on quality of slate

Roof covering should be visually checked in spring and fall for any visible missing shingles, damaged coverings or other defects. Before re-roofing, the underside of the roof structure and roof sheathing should be inspected to determine that the roof structure can support the additional weight of the shingles.

Wood shakes and shingles will vary in aging, due to quality of the material, installation, maintenance, and surrounding shade trees. Ventilation and drying of the wood material is critical in extending the life expectancy of the wood. Commercial preservatives are available on the market, which could be applied to wood to impede deterioration.

CHIMNEY / GUTTERS / SIDING / TRIM REMARKS

Chimneys

Chimneys built of masonry will eventually need tuck pointing. A cracked chimney top that allows water and carbonic acid to get behind the surface brick/stone will accelerate the deterioration. Moisture will also deteriorate the clay flue liner. Periodic chimney cleaning will keep you apprised of the chimney's condition. The flashing around the chimney may need resealing and should be inspected every year or two. Fireplace chimneys should be inspected and evaluated by a chimney professional before using. Chimneys must be adequate height for proper drafting. Spark arrestors are recommended for wood burning chimney and chimney caps for fossil fuels

Unlined Chimney - should be re-evaluated by a chimney technician.

Have flue cleaned and re-evaluated. The flue lining is covered with soot or creosote and no representation can be made as to the condition.

NOT EVALUATED- The flue was not evaluated due to inaccessibility such as roof pitch, cap, cleanout not accessible, etc.

Cricket Flashing

Small, sloped structure made of metal and designed to drain moisture away from a chimney. Crickets are usually placed at the back of a chimney.

Gutters and Downspouts

This is an extremely important element in basement dampness control. Keep gutters clean and downspout extensions in place (1.25 meters or more). Paint the inside of galvanized gutters, which will extend the life. Shortly after a rain or thaw in winter, look for leaks at seams in the gutters. These can be re-caulked before they cause damage to fascia or soffit boards. If no gutters exist, it is recommended that they be added.

Siding

Wood siding should not come in contact with the ground. The moisture will cause rotting to take place and can attract carpenter ants.

EIFS - This type of siding has experienced serious problems and requires a certified EIFS inspector to determine condition.

Brick and stone veneer must be monitored for loose or missing mortar. Some brick and stone are susceptible to spalling. This can be caused when moisture is trapped and a freeze/thaw situation occurs. There are products on the market that can be used to seal out the moisture. This holds true for brick and stone chimneys also.

Metal sidings will dent and scratch. Oxidation is a normal reaction in aluminum. There are good cleaners on the market and it is recommended that they be used occasionally. Metal siding can be painted.

Doors and Windows

These can waste an enormous amount of energy. Maintain the caulking around the frames on the exterior. Check for drafts in the winter and improve the worst offenders first. Windows that have leaky storm windows will usually have a lot of sweating. Likewise, well-sealed storms that sweat indicate a leaky window. It is the tighter unit that will sweat (unless the home has excess humidity to begin with.)

Wood that exhibits blistering or peeling paint should be examined for possible moisture sources: roof leaks, bad gutters, interior moisture from baths or laundry or from a poorly vented crawl space. Some paint problems have no logical explanation, but many are a symptom of an underlying problem. A freshly painted house may mask these symptoms, but after you have lived in the home for a year or two, look for localized paint blistering (peeling). It may be a clue.

New glazing will last longer if the raw wood is treated with boiled linseed oil prior to glazing. It prevents the wood from drawing the moisture out of the new glazing.

Caulking

Many different types of caulk are available on the market today. Check with a paint or hardware store for the kind of application you need.

EXTERIOR / ELECTRICAL / AC / GARAGE REMARKS

Exterior Doors

The exposed side of wood exterior doors needs to be painted or stained and varnished to prevent discolouring and delamination. Weather-stripping is a must to prevent drafts.

Electrical

Overhead wires from the mast to the main panel that are exposed to the weather may fray and crack. If this occurs, wires should be replaced by a licensed electrician.

Any outdoor overhead service conductor wires should have adequate clearance above the ground (3 meters) and from balcony and windows (1 meter), for safety reasons.

Underground system - Some exterior boxes that are at ground level have a grade line on them. You should insure that the grade remains below this line to prevent moisture from entering the main panel.

Overhead Door Openers

We recommend that a separate electrical outlet be provided. Openers that do not have a safety reverse are considered a safety hazard. Small children and pets are especially vulnerable. We recommend the operating switches be set high enough so children cannot reach them. If an electric sensor is present, it should be tested occasionally to ensure it is working.

Garage Sill Plates

Sill plates within the garage should be elevated or treated lumber should be used. If this is not the case, try to direct water away to prevent rotting.

A/C Compressors

They should not become overgrown with foliage. Clearance requirements vary, but 60 cm on all sides should be considered minimal with up to 2 meters of air discharge desirable. If a clothes dryer vent is within five to ten feet, either relocate the vent or do not run when the A/C is running. The lint will quickly reduce the efficiency of the A/C unit.

Burners

Any appliance such as a water heater, furnace, etc. should have the flame a minimum of 45 cm above the floor. Any open flame less than 45 cm from the floor is a potential safety hazard. The appliance should also be protected from vehicle damage.

KITCHEN / LAUNDRY / UTILITY ROOM REMARKS

Plaster on Wood Lath

Plaster on wood lath is an old technique and is no longer in general use. Wood lath shrinks with time and the nails rust and loosen. As a result, the plaster may become fragile and caution is needed in working with this type of plastering system. Sagging ceilings are best repaired by laminating drywall over the existing plaster and screwing it to the ceiling joists.

Plaster on Gypsum Lath (Rock Lath)

Plaster on gypsum lath will sometimes show the seams of the 40 cm wide gypsum lath, but this does not indicate a structural fault. The scalloping appearance can be levelled with drywall joint compound and fibreglass mesh joint tape or drywall can be laminated over the existing plaster on the ceiling.

Wood Flooring

Always attempt to clean wood floors first before making the decision to refinish the floor. Wax removers and other mild stripping agents plus a good waxing and buffing will usually produce satisfactory results. Mild bleaching agents help remove deep stains. Sanding removes some of the wood in the floor and can usually be done safely only once or twice in the life of the floor.

Nail Pops

Drywall nail pops are due to normal expansion and contraction of the wood members to which the drywall is nailed, and are usually of no structural significance.

Carpeting

Where carpeting has been installed, the materials and condition of the floor underneath cannot be determined.

Appliances

Dishwashers are tested to see if the motor operates and water sprays properly (full cycles are not run). Stoves are tested to see that burners are working and oven and broiler get hot. Timer and controls are not tested. Refrigerators are not tested.

No representation is made to continued life expectancy of any appliance.

Asbestos and Other Hazards

Asbestos fibres in some form are present in many homes, but are often not visible and cannot be identified without testing.

If there is reason to suspect that asbestos may be present and if it is of particular concern, a sample of the material in question may be removed and analyzed in a laboratory. *However, detecting or inspecting for the presence or absence of asbestos is not a part of our inspection.*

Also excluded from this inspection and report are the possible presence of, or danger from, radon gas, lead-based paint, urea formaldehyde, toxic or flammable chemicals and all other similar or potentially harmful substances and environmental hazards.

Windows

A representative number of windows are inspected.

BATHROOM REMARKS

Stall Shower

The metal shower pan in a stall shower has a potential or probable life of 10-20 years depending on quality of the pan installed. Although a visible inspection is made to determine whether a shower pan is currently leaking, it cannot be stated with certainty that no defect is present or that one may not soon develop. Shower pan leaks often do not show except when the shower is in actual use.

Ceramic Tile

Bathroom tile installed in a mortar bed is excellent. It is still necessary to keep the joint between the tile and the tub/shower caulked or sealed to prevent water spillage from leaking through and damaging the ceilings below.

Ceramic tile is often installed in mastic. It is important to keep the tile caulked or water will seep behind the tile and cause deterioration in the wallboard. Special attention should be paid to the area around faucets and other tile penetrations.

Exhaust Fans

Bathrooms with a shower should have exhaust fans where possible. This helps to remove excess moisture from the room, preventing damage to the ceiling and walls and wood finishes. The exhaust fan should not be vented into the attic. The proper way to vent the fans is to the outside. Running the vent pipe horizontally and venting into a gable end or soffit is preferred. Running the vent pipe vertically through the roof may cause condensation to run down the vent pipe, rusting the fan and damaging the wallboard. Insulating the vent pipe in the attic will help to reduce this problem.

SLOW DRAINS on sinks, tubs, and showers are usually due to build-up of hair and soap scum. Most sink pop-ups can be easily removed for cleaning. Some tubs have a spring attached to the closing lever that acts as a catch for hair. It may require removing a couple of screws to disassemble. If you cannot mechanically remove the obstruction, be kind to your pipes. Don't use a caustic cleaner. There are several bacteria drain cleaners available. They are available at hardware stores in areas where septic tanks are used. These drain cleaners take a little longer to work, but are safe for you and your pipes.

Safety Hazards

Typical safety hazards found in bathrooms are open grounds or reverse polarity by water. Replacing these outlets with G.F.C.I.'s are recommended. (See Electrical section)

Whirlpool Tubs

This relates to interior tubs hooked up to interior plumbing. Where possible, the motor will be operated to see that the jets are working. Hot tubs and spas are not inspected.

ROOMS (INTERIOR) REMARKS

Door Stops

All swinging doors should be checked for door stops. Broken or missing door stops can result in door knobs breaking through drywall or plaster.

Closet Guides

Sliding closet doors should be checked to see that closet guides are in place. Missing or broken closet guides can cause scratches and damage to doors.

Cold Air Returns

Bedrooms that do not have cold air returns in them should have a 1.75 cm gap under the doors to allow cold air to be drawn into the hall return.

AN INSPECTION VERSUS A WARRANTY

A home inspection is just what the name indicates, an inspection of a home...usually a home that is being purchased. The purpose of the inspection is to determine the condition of the various systems and structures of the home. While an inspection performed by a competent inspection firm will determine the condition of the major components of the home, no inspection will pick up every minute latent defect. The inspector's ability to find all defects is limited by access to various parts of the property, lack of information about the property and many other factors. A good inspector will do his or her level best to determine the condition of the home and to report it accurately. The report that is issued is an opinion as to the condition of the home. This opinion is arrived at by the best technical methods available to the home inspection industry. It is still only an opinion.

A warranty is a policy sold to the buyer that warrants that specific items in the home are in sound condition and will remain in sound condition for a specified period of time. Typically, the warranty company never inspects the home. The warranty company uses actuarial tables to determine the expected life of the warranted items and charges the customer a fee for the warranty that will hopefully cover any projected loss and make a profit for the warranty seller. It is essentially an insurance policy.

The service that we have provided you is an inspection. We make no warranty of this property. If you desire warranty coverage, please see your real estate agent for details about any warranty plan to which their firm may have access.

WINDOWS / FIREPLACES / ATTIC REMRKS

Window Frames and Sills

Window frames and sills often are found to have surface deterioration due to condensation that has run off the window and damaged the varnish. Usually this can be repaired with a solvent style refinisher and fine steel wool. This is sometimes a sign of excess humidity in the house.

See comments regarding caulking doors and windows above (Chimneys/Gutters/Siding).

Fireplaces

It is important that a fireplace be cleaned on a routine basis to prevent the build-up of creosote in the flue, which can cause a chimney fire.

Masonry fireplace chimneys are normally required to have a terra cotta flue liner or 8 inches of masonry surrounding each flue in order to be considered safe and to conform to most building codes.

During visual inspections, it is not uncommon to be unable to detect the absence of a flue liner either because of stoppage at the firebox, a defective damper or lack of access from the roof.

Wood burners

Once installed, it can be difficult to determine proper clearances for wood burning stoves. Manufacturer specifications, which are not usually available to the inspector, determine the proper installation. We recommend you ask the owner for paperwork verifying that it was installed by a professional contractor.

Ventilation

Ventilation is recommended at the rate of one square foot of vent area to 300 square feet of attic floor space, this being divided between soffit and rooftop. Power vents should ideally have both a humidistat and a thermostat, since ventilation is needed to remove winter moisture as well as summer heat. Evidence of condensation, such as blackened roof sheathing, frost on nail heads, etc. is an indication that ventilation may have been or is blocked or inadequate.

Insulation

The recommended insulation in the attic area is R-38, approximately 30cm. If insulation is added, it is important that the ventilation is proper.

Smoke Detectors

Smoke detectors should be tested monthly. At least one detector should be on each level.

Vapour Barriers

The vapour barrier should be on the warm side of the surface. Older homes were often built without vapour barriers. If the vapour barrier is towards the cold side of the surface, it should be sliced or removed. Most vapour barriers in the attic are covered by insulation and therefore, not visible.

Safety Glazing

Safety glazing requirements vary depending on the age of the home. Every attempt is made to identify areas where the lack of safety glazing presents an immediate safety hazard, such as a shower door. In some older homes it is difficult to determine if safety glazing is present, since the glass is not marked. Therefore, no representation is made that safety glazing exists in all appropriate areas.

Insulated Glass

The broken seals are not always detectable due to dirty windows, covered windows, etc. In most cases, leaking glass seals take some time before they are evident.

BASEMENT REMARKS

Basement

Any basement that has cracks or leaks is technically considered to have failed. Most block basements have step cracks in various areas. If little or no movement has occurred, and the step cracks are uniform, this is considered acceptable. Horizontal cracks in the third or fourth block down indicate the block has moved due to outside pressure. They can be attributed to many factors, such as improper grading, improperly functioning gutter and downspout system, etc. Normally, if little or no movement has taken place and proper grading and downspouts exist, this is considered acceptable. If the wall containing the stress crack(s) has moved considerably, this will require some method of reinforcement. Basements that have been freshly painted or tuck-pointed should be monitored for movement. This will be indicated by cracks reopening. If cracks reappear, reinforcement may be necessary. Reinforcing a basement wall can become expensive.

Foundation (Covered Walls)

Although an effort has been made to note any major inflections or weaknesses, it is difficult at best to detect these areas when walls are finished off, or basement storage makes areas inaccessible. *No representation is made as to the condition of these walls.*

Monitor indicates that the walls have stress cracks, but little movement has occurred. In our opinion, the cracks should be filled with mortar and the walls monitored for further movement and cracking. If additional movement or cracking occurs, re-enforcements may be necessary.

Have Evaluated — we recommend that the walls be re-evaluated by a structural engineer or basement repair company and estimates be obtained if work is required.

Vapour Barrier

Floors that are dirt or gravel should be covered with a vapour barrier.

Moisture Present

Basement dampness is frequently noted in houses and in most cases the stains, moisture or efflorescence present is a symptom denoting that a problem exists outside the home. Usual causes are improper downspout extensions or leaking gutters and/or low or improper grade (including concrete surfaces) at the perimeter of the house. A proper slope away from the house is one inch per foot for four to six feet.

Expensive solutions to basement dampness are frequently offered, and it is possible to spend thousands of dollars on solutions such as pumping out water that has already entered or pumping of chemical preparations into the ground around the house, when all that may be necessary are a few common sense solutions at the exterior perimeter. However, this is not intended to be an exhaustive list of causes and solutions to the presence of moisture. *No representation is made to future moisture that may appear.*

Palmer Valve

Many older homes have a valve in the floor drain. This drain needs to remain operational.

Drain Tile

We offer no opinion about the existence or condition of the drain tile, as it cannot be visibly inspected.

Basement Electrical Outlets

We recommend that you have an outlet within 2 meters of each appliance. The appliance you plan to install may be different than what exists; therefore the inspection includes testing a representative number of receptacles that exist. It is also recommended to have ground fault circuit interrupts for any outlet in the unfinished part of the basement and crawl spaces.

PLUMBING REMARKS

Wells

Examination of wells is not included in this visual inspection. It is recommended that you have well water checked for purity by the local health authorities and, if possible, a check on the flow of the well in periods of drought. A well pit should have a locked cover on it to prevent anyone from falling into the pit.

Septic Systems

The check of septic systems is not included in our visual inspection. You should have the local health authorities or other qualified experts check the condition of a septic system.

In order for the septic system to be checked, the house must have been occupied within the last 30 days.

Water Pipes

Galvanized water pipes rust from the inside out and may have to be replaced within 20 to 30 years. This is usually done in two stages: horizontal piping in the basement first and vertical pipes throughout the house later as needed.

Copper pipes usually have more life expectancy and may last as long as 60 years before needing to be replaced.

Polybutylene pipes are grey pipes that have a history of failure and should be examined by a licensed plumber.

Hose Bibs

During the winter months it is necessary to make sure the outside faucets are winterized. This can be done by means of a valve located in the basement. Leave the outside faucets open to allow any water standing in the pipes to drain, preventing them from freezing. Hose bibs cannot be tested when winterized.

Water Heater

The life expectancy of a water heater is 5-10 years. Water heaters generally need not be replaced unless they leak. It is a good maintenance practice to drain 5-10 gallons from the heater several times a year. *Missing relief valves or improper extension present a safety hazard.*

Water Softeners

During a visual inspection, it is not possible to determine if water is being properly softened.

Plumbing

The temperature/pressure valve should be tested several times a year by lifting the valve's handle. Caution: very hot water will be discharged. If no water comes out, the valve is defective and must be replaced.

Shut-Off Valves

Most shut-off valves have not been operated for long periods of time. We recommend operating each shutoff valve to: toilet bowl, water heater, under sinks, main shut-off, hose faucets, and all others. We recommend you have a plumber do this, as some of the valves may need to be repacked or replaced. Once the valves are in proper operating order, we recommend opening and closing these valves several times a year.

Polybutylene Piping

This type of piping has a history of problems and should be examined by a licensed plumber and repaired or replaced as necessary.

MECHANICAL DEVICES MAY OPERATE AT ONE MOMENT AND LATER MALFUNCTION; THEREFORE, LIABILITY IS SPECIFICALLY LIMITED TO THOSE SITUATIONS WHERE IT CAN BE CONCLUSIVELY SHOWN THAT THE MECHANICAL DEVICE INSPECTED WAS INOPERABLE OR IN THE IMMEDIATE NEED OF REPAIR OR NOT PERFORMING THE FUNCTION FOR WHICH IS IT WAS INTENDED AT THE TIME OF INSPECTION.

HEATING SYSTEM REMARKS

HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING units have limited lives. Normal lives are:

GAS-FIRED HOT AIR15-25 yea	rs
OIL-FIRED HOT AIR	rs
CAST IRON BOILER 30-50 yea	rs
(Hot water or steam) or more	
STEEL BOILER 30-40 yea	rs
(Hot water or steam) or more	
COPPER BOILER10-20 yea	rs
(Hot water or steam)	
CIRCULATING PUMP (Hot water) 10-15 year	
AIR CONDITIONING COMPRESSOR 8-12 year	S
HEAT PUMP8-12 year	S

Gas-fired hot air units that are close to or beyond their normal lives have the potential of becoming a source of carbon monoxide in the home. You may want to have such a unit checked every year or so to assure yourself that it is still intact. Of course, a unit of such an age is a good candidate for replacement with one of the new, high efficiency furnaces. The fuel savings alone can be very attractive.

Boilers and their systems may require annual attention. If you are not familiar with your system, have a heating contractor come out in the fall to show you how to do the necessary things. *Caution: do not add water to a hot boiler!*

Forced air systems should have filters changed every 30 to 60 days of the heating and cooling season. This is especially true if you have central air conditioning. A dirty air system can lead to premature failure of your compressor - a \$1,500 machine.

Oil-fired furnaces and boilers should be serviced by a professional each year. Most experts agree you will pay for the service cost in fuel saved by having a properly tuned burner.

Read the instructions for maintaining the humidifier on your furnace. A malfunctioning humidifier can rust out a furnace rather quickly. It is recommended that the humidifier be serviced at the same time as the furnace, and be cleaned regularly. *During a visual inspection it is not possible to determine if the humidifier is working.*

Have HVAC Technician Examine - A condition was found that suggests a heating contractor should do a further analysis. We suggest doing this before closing.

Heat exchangers cannot be examined nor their condition determined without being disassembled. Since this is not possible during a visual, non-technically exhaustive inspection, you may want to obtain a service contract on the unit or contact a furnace technician regarding a more thorough examination.

Testing pilot safety switch requires blowing out the pilot light. Checking safety limit controls requires disconnecting blower motor or using other means beyond the scope of this inspection. If furnace has not been serviced in last 12 months, you may want to have a furnace technician examine.

CO Test - This is not part of a non-technical inspection.

Combustible Gas Test (Potential Safety Hazard) - If a combustible gas detector was used during the inspection of the furnace and evidence of possible combustible gases was noted, we caution you that our test instrument is sensitive to many gases and not a foolproof test. None-the-less, this presents the <u>possibility</u> that a hazard exists and could indicate that the heat exchanger is, or will soon be, defective.

COOLING SYSTEM / ELECTRICAL REMARKS

Electrical

Every effort has been made to evaluate the size of the service. Three wires going into the home indicate 240 volts. The total amps are sometimes difficult to determine. We highly recommend that ground fault circuit interrupters (G.F.C.I.) be connected to all outlets around water. This device automatically opens the circuit when it senses a current leak to ground. This device can be purchased in most hardware stores. G.F.C.I.'s are recommended by all outlets located near water, outside outlets, or garage outlets. Pool outlets should also be protected with a G.F.C.I.

The G.F.C.I. senses the flow of electricity through a circuit. If more current is flowing through the black ("hot") wire than the white ("neutral") wire, there is a current leakage. The G.F.C.I., which can sense a ground leak of as little as .005 amps, will shut off the current in 1/40 of a second, which is fast enough to prevent injury.

If you do have G.F.C.I.'s, it is recommended that you test (and reset) them monthly. When you push the test button, the reset button should pop out, shutting off the circuit. If it doesn't, the breaker is not working properly. If you don't test them once a month, the breakers have a tendency to stick, and may not protect you when needed.

Knob and tube wiring found in older homes should be checked by an electrician to insure that the wire cover is in good condition. Under no circumstances should this wire be covered with insulation. Recess light fixtures should have a baffle around them so that they are not covered with insulation. The newer recessed fixtures will shut off if they overheat.

Federal Pacific electrical panels may be unsafe. See www.google.com and search for "Federal Pacific" for additional and up-to-date information.

Aluminum wiring in general lighting circuits has a history of overheating, with the potential of a fire. If this type of wiring exists, a licensed electrical contractor should examine the whole system.

Arc Faults

In some areas, arc faults are required in new homes, starting in 2002. These control outlets in the bedrooms.

Reverse Polarity

A common problem that surfaces in many homes is reverse polarity. This is a potentially hazardous situation in which the hot and neutral wires of a circuit are reversed at the outlet, thereby allowing the appliance to incorrectly be connected. This is an inexpensive item to correct.

Each receptacle has a brass and silver screw. The black wire should be wired to the brass screw and the white wire should go to the silver screw. When these wires are switched, this is called "reverse polarity". Turning off the power and switching these wires will correct the problem.

Main service wiring for housing is typically 240 volts. The minimum capacity for newer homes is 100 amps, though many older homes still have 60 amp service. Larger homes or all electric homes will likely have a 200 amp service.

Main service wiring may be protected by one or more circuit breakers or fuses. While most areas allow up to six main turnoffs, expanding from these panels is generally not allowed.

Cooling

Testing A/C System and Heat Pump - The circuit breakers to A/C should be on for a minimum of 24 hours and the outside temperature at least 15 ° C for the past 24 hours or an A/C system cannot be operated without possible damage to the compressor. Check the instructions in your A/C manual or on the outside compressor before starting up in the summer. Heat pump can only be tested in the mode it's running in. Outside temperature should be at least 15 ° C for the past 24 hours to run in cooling mode.

Temperature differential, between 7°-15°, is usually acceptable. If out of this range, have an HVAC contractor examine it. It is not always feasible to do a differential test due to high humidity, low outside temperature, etc.